

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 22.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1893.

NUMBER 46.

Mark Down Sale!

All Summer Clothing,
All Summer Hats and Caps,
All Summer Underwear,
All Summer Overshirts,
Reduced to the Lowest Prices that Honest Goods
were ever sold for

Men's \$18.00 Suits marked down to \$14.00.
Men's \$15.00 and \$16.00 Suits marked down to \$12.00.
Men's \$12.00 Suits marked down to \$8.00 and \$9.00.
Men's \$10.00 Suits marked down to \$6.50 and \$7.50.
Men's \$7.50 and \$8.00 Suits marked down to \$5.00 and \$6.00.
Boy's Summer Suits marked down from \$1.00 to \$3.00 on every suit.
Children's \$7.00 and \$8.00 Suits marked down to \$5.00.
Children's \$5.00 Suits marked down to \$3.50 and \$4.00.
Children's \$4.00 Suits marked down to \$2.75 and \$3.00.
Children's \$3.50 Suits marked down to \$2.50.
Children's \$3.00 Suits marked down to \$2.25.
Children's \$2.50 Suits marked down to \$2.00.
Children's \$2.00 Suits marked down to \$1.50.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

We are closing out 400 pair of Men's, Women's,
Misses', Boy's and Children's Shoes, Odds
and Ends, at about

One-Half Price.

Every pair cost more to manufacture than we are
selling them for. In this lot are

Men's \$5.00 Shoes marked down to \$2.50.
Men's \$3.50 Shoes marked down to \$2.00.
Women's \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shoes marked down to \$2.00.
Women's \$3.00 Shoes marked down to \$1.50.
Women's \$2.50 Shoes marked down to \$1.25 and \$1.50.
Boy's \$2.50 Shoes marked down to \$1.25.
Misses' Fine \$3.00 Shoes marked down to \$1.50.

We are more anxious than ever this season to close out all odds and
ends in our Clothing Stock and Boot and Shoe Stock. The goods must go
If you care to save money it will pay you to look at our goods before buying.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

R. KEMPF.

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R. KEMPF & BRO.,
BANKERS,
COMMERCIAL AND SAVINGS.

Transacts a General Banking Business, Sell Exchange, Makes Col-
lections on all accessible points on most favorable terms, and accords to
depositors every accommodation consistent with sound banking.

JOHN A. PALMER, Cashier.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

FAULTLESS
FITTING
FOOTWEAR

Groceries at
Bottom Prices.

We want your
Butter and Eggs.

We Are Very

BUSY

But We Still Have

TIME

To show you Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Gasoline Stoves, Oil
Stoves, Grain Cradles, Machine Oils, etc.

Remember, we sell a first-class Screen Door all complete with Spring
Hinges, Hook and Eye and Knob at

\$1.00.

Celebrated McCormick Binding Twine, which has proven to be the
best sold in this market, at as low prices as many that are much inferior.

C. E. WHITAKER.

Annual School Meeting.

The annual school meeting of fractional
district No. 3, of Sylvan and Luna, was
held in the High School room last Monday
evening, a larger number of voters being
present than at any previous meeting. At
8 o'clock the meeting was called to order
by Moderator H. S. Holmes, and the
minutes of the board read, from which we
glean the following:

RECEIPTS

Amount on hand July 7, 1892...	\$ 240 52
Primary, library and fine fund...	749 84
Received from mill tax...	692 11
Foreign pupils...	392 00
Received from taxes...	6 510 55
Received from Bank...	97 87

Total.....\$8 682 89

EXPENDITURES.

Teachers' salary.....	3 814 00
Bond and interest.....	3 220 38
Text books and encyclopedia...	242 40
Coal.....	384 66
Wood.....	103 75
Repairs.....	262 69
New Seats.....	3 00
Insurance.....	25 13
Director's salary.....	50 00
Assessor's salary.....	25 00
Janitor's salary.....	270 00
Incidental supplies.....	281 88

Total.....\$8 682 89

AMOUNT NECESSARY FOR ENSUING YEAR.

Teachers' salary.....	\$8 760 00
Bond due Feb. 1, 1894.....	2 000 00
Interest due Feb. 1, 1894.....	100 00
Coal and wood.....	350 00
Janitor's salary.....	300 00
Free text books.....	100 00
Incidental supplies.....	300 00
Director.....	50 00
Assessor.....	25 00
Repairs.....	100 00
Due Bank.....	97 87

Total.....\$7 182 87

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS

Foreign scholars.....	250 00
Primary money.....	550 00
Mill tax.....	500 00
Direct tax.....	5 882 87

Total.....\$7 182 87

The board recommended that the sum of
\$5,882.87 be raised by direct tax. The
report, upon motion was accepted and
adopted.

F. P. Glazier and W. P. Schenk were
re-elected trustees on the first ballot.

D. B. Taylor made a motion to have
Latin stricken from the course of study and
vocal music put in its place. Motion was
tabled. The board was then requested if
feasible, to add vocal music to the course
of study.

The next school year, as in the one just
closed, will be under the care of an able
board, who are interested in the well being
and prosperity of our school, which is
under the instruction of as able a corps of
teachers as can be produced by any school
of its class in this or any other state.

The school meeting was one of harmony
from beginning to close.

Fast Driving.

It seems necessary to call the attention
of certain young men of this vicinity to
the ordinance against fast driving on our
streets. The speeding of horses through
our principal streets is attended with great
danger to pedestrians and should not be
permitted. Section 12 of Ordinance No.
15, says: "Any person who shall ride, drive
or lead any team, horse, mare, mule or
other animal, at an immoderate rate in any
street, alley or other public place within
the village of Chelsea, so as to endanger
the person or property of another, shall be
deemed guilty of a misdemeanor." The
same Ordinance also says any person found
guilty of said misdemeanor shall be fined
not less than \$2 nor more than \$20, or ten
days imprisonment in the county jail, or
both such fine and imprisonment in the
discretion of the court for the first offence.

Excursions.

Grand Rapids Driving Club Meeting,
August 8th to 12th, 1893. Rate of two
cents per mile each way for the round trip
with 50 cents, price of admission coupon,
added is authorized for the above occasion.
Dates of sale Aug. 8 to 12 inclusive.
Limited to return Aug. 13, 1893.

Camp meeting at Eaton Rapids, July 20
to 30, 1893. Rate of one and one-third
first-class fare for the round trip. Children
of proper age at one-half the adult rate.
Date of sale, July 19th to 20th. Limit for
return July 31, 1893.

Special excursion to Chicago and return
via Michigan Central. Seven day limit.
Train will leave Chelsea at 10 a. m. Wed-
nesday, July 19, 1893. Fare for round
trip \$6.15. Tickets good for return until
July 25, 1893.

Murder and Suicide.

The following are the particulars of the
murder of William A. Campbell, formerly
of this village, but lately of Kansas City,
Kan., gleaned from the Kansas City
papers:

William A. Campbell, foreman of a
wrecking crew for the Union Pacific rail-
road, whose home was at 315 Colorado
Avenue, Kansas City, Kan., was stabbed
to death by Homer Baker, a young man
employed at the stock yards, who lived
with his parents at Chelsea Place, in the
same city. The murder was committed at
107 West 8th street, Kansas City, Kan.

After supper Campbell told his wife he
was going out and kissed her goodbye.
He took a bath at the Union Depot at 9
o'clock, and then he went to the fire
department and talked with the fireman
and was dead at 9:30, nearly a mile from
there. Campbell was not intoxicated, in
fact had not been drinking.

The story told by the saloon-keeper and
his bartenders agree in detail, but do not
agree with those told by others. They say
that Baker and a gang of about eight con-
genial spirits from Kansas City, Kan., had
been in the wine room drinking nearly all
the afternoon. About 9 o'clock all of the
gang except Baker left and boarded an
electric car going west. A few minutes
afterwards as Baker was leaning against
the ice-chest in the rear of the saloon,
Campbell came in the rear door. In enter-
ing he brushed against Baker, who asked
with an oath what he meant by running
against him. Campbell replied civilly and
then Baker struck him on the mouth with
his clenched fist.

The blow split Campbell's upper lip and
the blood gushed from his nose and mouth
in a stream. Campbell then struck Baker
with his cane and broke it in two pieces.
Baker backed toward the front door and
just past the mirrored screen before the
bar and just three feet inside the door,
Baker drew a pocket knife and turning
slashed Campbell across the groin.

Only one blow was struck with the
knife, but the blade entering the flesh two
inches above the tip of the thigh bone
passed down and toward the inside of the
leg, making a wound six inches long and
deep as the bone. The artery was cut and
with every pulse beat a jet of Campbell's
life-blood dyed his clothes and formed a
pool on the floor. The instant he was cut
he turned back in the saloon and with the
words: "My God, I'm killed," he fell to
the floor. In three minutes he was dead.

After using the knife Baker wiped it on
his coat and passed out to Eighth street
and walked away with a companion. It
has since been learned that Baker had cut
two men before he killed Campbell, and
chased another with a knife.

Baker went to the Ryur house in Kansas
City and being unknown to the clerk,
registered as W. A. Edwards, and was
assigned to room No. 34. He arose early
the next morning, went out and bought a
paper and then returned to his room.
Shortly after he was found on the floor
of his room with a pistol by his hand and
a bullet hole in his right temple. He was,
of course, unconscious and was breathing
with difficulty. At 8:30 he died. The
newspaper was folded to the story of the
murder and lay on the bed.

Campbell had about \$100 in his pocket
when he left home but only six dollars was
found on his person after he was murdered.

The murdered man was a member of the
A. O. U. W. lodge of this village. He was
47 years old and leaves a wife and five
children.

The Wool Market.

The Wool Reporter says of the New
York market: "Wool is cheap, and while
it may go down, it does not seem probable
that it is likely to remain long before turn-
ing upward. The action of the wool grow-
ers may have a beneficial effect. Reports
from the interior are to the effect that
growers are going to hold for higher prices.
Keeping the wool off the market is one
way to increase its value. Then another
point is that the manufacturer will be
forced into the market to take wool to cover
his actual necessities. It is fair to assume
that he has not much wool on hand, and
if he gets any orders on spring weight he
must become a buyer of wool. A very
small demand comparatively would tend
to give increased tone to the market.
It is a conceded fact that the manufac-
turers are at the present time out of wool,
and also that the stocks are very light in
all principal markets."



A SURE GRIP.

He is there to stay by the appearance
of things, just as our prices
are at

The Lowest Notch

And there to remain. We have the
enviable reputation of

Always

Furnishing our customers with the
best of goods at the bottom prices
and we wish this to be under-
stood as the principle fea-
ture of our business.

Finest Japan Teas, Choicest of Coffees,

Canned Goods that we are selling at
profits that resemble "shavings."
Fine New Orleans Molasses,
Syrup, etc.

Patent - Medicines - 1-4 - Off.

See price-list on last page.

F. P. GLAZIER & CO.

Chelsea Savings Bank

Chelsea, Michigan.

Capital Paid In \$60,000.00.

Extends to its customers every facility
in banking and solicits your patronage.

Hon. S. G. Ives, President.
Thos. S. Sears, Vice-President.
Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.
Theo. E. Wood, 1st Asst. Cashier.
Ernest Walsh, 2nd Asst. Cashier.

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FARMS

«FOR»

SALE!

Do you want to buy a Good Farm
at a Low Price, and on easy terms?

I have three nice farms, and can
and will give you a Grand Bargain,
as I want to sell them.

Come and see me if you have any
idea of buying a farm. It will pay
you.

GEO. P. GLAZIER.

Chelsea, Michigan.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches. DOMESTIC.

ALEXANDER FRAZER, Patsey Daley, James Morris and J. A. Carlson were capsized in a sailboat on Lake Tahoe at Glenbrook, Nev., and all were drowned. NEAR Kansas City, Mo., Irving Clark, aged 19, and Frank Paullin, 13 years old, were killed by lightning.

THE Bullionville reduction works at Plache, Nev., were burned, the loss being over \$100,000.

At Little Falls, Minn., Fred Denny, his wife and two children were drowned while crossing the river by the capsizing of a boat.

FREIERHOF BROTHERS, dealers in liquors in Cincinnati, failed for \$200,000.

AN increase of \$105,254.354 was shown in the assessment rolls of New York under the new law. Jay Gould's estate was listed at \$10,000,000, against \$500,000 during his lifetime.

THREE brothers named Lotis were instantly killed by lightning at Jackson, O., while taking shelter under a tree during a thunderstorm.

DURING a fire in the gun cotton factory at Newport, R. I., Frank Laughlin, Michael Reagan and J. Harrington were killed by an explosion and three other men were seriously injured.

THE department store of Fish, Joseph & Co. in Chicago was damaged by fire to the extent of \$300,000.

THE money circulation in the United States at the beginning of the new fiscal year was \$1,593,726,411, a per capita of \$23.86, or \$9,346,927 less than July 1 a year ago.

THE American national bank of Leadville, Col., with liabilities of \$342,000, the First national bank of Cisco, Tex., and the Jefferson county bank at Golden, Col., with liabilities of \$76,000, closed their doors.

THE trotter Ayres P., with running mate Telephone, went a mile on the kite track at Kirkwood, Del., in 2:03 3/4.

IN a fire at Buffalo, N. Y., caused by a lamp explosion, two children of Dennis McCarthy lost their lives.

THE largest attendance at the world's fair on any one day since its opening was on the Fourth, when 302,906 admissions were recorded.

W. H. TORNER and his wife and 4-months-old child were thrown from a wagon in a runaway at Manington, W. Va., and Mrs. Torner and the child were killed and Mr. Torner was fatally injured.

A CONVENTION of the "Friends of silver" has been called by President Warner, of the Bimetallic league, to meet in Chicago August 1.

THE National Amateur Press association held its eighteenth annual convention in Chicago and J. L. Tomlinson was elected president.

THE two daughters of John Ray, aged 18 and 7 years, respectively, were murdered by an unknown tramp while picking berries near their home near Wickliffe, Ky. The lower part of the elder girl's body was horribly mutilated, after the manner of the Whitechapel murders in London.

THREE persons were burned to death in a fire that partly destroyed the Bethel boat at St. Paul, Minn.

ANDREW DEBNEY, a farmer residing near Clark, Neb., fatally shot his wife and then jumped into the Loup river and drowned himself.

THE Haskell Show Printing company, one of the largest concerns of the kind in the middle and western states, made an assignment at Kansas City.

BANK failures were reported as follows: The American savings at Pueblo, Col.; Everett national at Everett, Wash.; Findley county at Garden City, Kan., and Nobles county at Worthington, Minn.

SEVEN horses were killed, a number of persons injured and wagons and cars demolished by a runaway cable train in New York city.

WALLACE DESKINS was shot and killed at Nolan, Va., by Andrew Farmer during a drunken row. The assassin was pursued by a posse, but he fired on his pursuers and fatally wounded George Gaskins and a man named Thompson.

A HAILSTORM near Reading, Pa., did great damage to crops and fruit and the vineyards on Mount Penn were completely ruined.

THE New Haven (Conn.) opera house was damaged by fire to the extent of \$100,000.

THE first series in the Southern Baseball league ended with the Augusta (Ga.) club ahead, having lost only 17 games out of 61.

LIGHTNING struck and burned the farmhouse of A. Roberts near Gagetown, Mich., and five of the ten occupants perished in the flames.

At a meeting in Chicago of the National Columbian commission President Palmer said that the opening of the gates of the fair on Sunday was in violation of faith, was done without warrant of law and had injured the good name of the commission, and asked for the adoption of a resolution declaring that the gates were open in defiance of a rule of the commission. The matter was postponed until the next meeting.

THE copper plant of the Pueblo (Col.) Smelting company was destroyed by fire, inflicting a loss of \$250,000.

A CYCLONE swept the beach at Bath, N. Y., doing great damage.

A CYCLONE in Iowa did great damage in the counties of Calhoun, Cherokee, Buena Vista, Ida, Sac and Pocahontas. The village of Pomeroy was almost entirely swept away and over fifty persons were reported killed. At Quimby two aged women were killed, and at Aurelia over a dozen persons lost their lives. Manson was half destroyed and several persons were killed, and at Fonda ten or more lives were lost. In addition to the above scores of persons were injured. The property loss was enormous.

A CYCLONE passed over the central part of Rogers county, Neb., destroying barns, houses, windmills and fruit trees. Several persons were injured. It costs about \$16,000 a day to carry on the World's Columbian exposition.

JOSEPH D. CURTIS, ex-sheriff of Brooke county, W. Va., who recently disappeared, was said to be short in his accounts to the amount of \$40,000.

A YACHT capsized in Gravesend bay, near New York, and seven persons were drowned.

THE world's 2-mile race record (4:48 1/4) for trotters was broken at Salem, Ore., by the stallion Blondie, who made the distance in 4:48.

THE entire business portion of Russia, Ind., was swept away by fire. A POWDER mill was struck by lightning and demolished near Kingston, N. Y., and several buildings were destroyed and nine persons injured.

DURING June forty-six deaths occurred at Ironwood, Mich., from typhoid fever.

MR. CLEVELAND's message will be all that the extra session of congress will be called upon to consider.

THE proposed meeting of anarchists in New York to celebrate Gov. Altgeld's pardon of the Chicago anarchists—Schwab, Neebe and Fielden—was stopped by order of Superintendent of Police Byrnes.

THE New Jersey Sheep & Wool company, doing business at Jersey City, failed for \$500,000.

ANTON FALLS and Ida Johnson, a young couple soon to be married, were killed by the cars at Galesville, Wis.

N. B. PLUMMER shot and killed Miss Sadie Fisher at Bird's Points, Mo., because she refused to marry him and then shot himself fatally.

THE Washington national bank at Spokane which suspended several weeks ago has resumed.

IT was said that conductors and engineers on the Queen & Crescent railroad had robbed the company of goods valued at \$40,000.

THE American Bankers' association will convene in Chicago September 6.

FIRE in the oil town of McDonald, Pa., destroyed ten buildings, causing a loss of \$100,000.

THERE were 324 business failures reported in the United States during the seven days ended on the 7th. In the week preceding there were 234, and during the corresponding time in 1892 the number was 190.

TRAIN robbers near Palestine, Tex., secured \$500 from the Pacific Express company and overlooked \$25,000.

DURING the week ended on the 7th leading clearing houses in the United States reported exchanges amounting to \$1,051,492,382, against \$986,117,887 the previous week. As compared with the corresponding week of 1892 the increase was 2.6.

THE total available stock of wheat in the country is 100 per cent. more than last year.

THERE were seventy-four people dead, at least five more to die, and over 100 injured as a result of the cyclone that made its start at Quimby, Ia., south of Cherokee, and ended at Pomeroy.

THE property loss was immense, many persons were homeless and destitute, and the governor issued an appeal for aid.

DURING a drunken fight at Woodbine, Ky., City Marshal Morrissey, Bud Smith and Jim Francis were killed and four others were wounded.

GEORGE CARROLL, a miller, was drowned at Terre Haute, Ind., while trying to save the life of his young nephew.

SEAY J. MILLER, the negro charged with the outrage and murder of Mary and Ruby Ray at Bardwell, Ky., was hanged by a mob and the body burned after being horribly mutilated.

EIGHT persons were injured, three probably fatally, during a fire in Chicago in the Lincoln hotel.

A REVIEW of the trades situation shows a perceptible improvement in tone in business circles.

D. S. KRIEDER, wife and four children were butchered at Cando, N. D., by Albert Baumberger, a nephew of Krieder. A dispute over wages was the supposed cause.

PATRICK RILEY & SON, leather dealers at Newark, N. J., failed for \$200,000.

THE Arkansas State bank of Stuttgart, and the Arkansas Farmers and traders' bank of Dewitt failed to open their doors.

NATIONAL banks throughout the country have during the last two months increased their circulation nearly \$7,000,000.

THE Somerset county bank at Trenton, N. J., closed its doors, with liabilities of over \$100,000.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.
THE people's party met in state convention at Columbus, O., and nominated J. E. Bracken, of Columbus, for governor, M. Blooney for lieutenant governor, W. H. Taylor for treasurer and J. H. Rhodes for attorney general.

THE Kentucky legislature, after being in session 134 days, adjourned sine die.

COMMODORE SAMUEL LOCKWOOD, U. S. N., the oldest officer on the retired list, died at his home in Flushing, N. Y., in his 90th year. He joined the navy when 17 years old.

MOSES KELLY, ex-secretary of the treasury, died in Washington, aged 74 years.

SAMUEL BLATCHFORD, associate justice of the United States supreme court, died at Newport, R. I., aged 73 years. He was appointed a member of the court by President Arthur in March, 1883.

IOWA democrats will hold their state convention in Des Moines on August 33.

CAPT. GEORGE WHITE REMICK, one of the naval heroes of the civil war, who served on the Kearsage during her engagement with the Alabama, died at Newburyport, Mass., 93 years.

DR. THOMAS SIVETER, 93 years of age, and one of the oldest physicians in America, died at Salem, Ia.

FOREIGN.
In an encounter between police and riotous students in Paris fourteen of the former and many of the latter were seriously wounded.

IT was reported that King George of Greece had abdicated and that a republic had been declared.

THE steamer Alofons was approaching Romanov, Russia, when its boiler exploded, killing twenty-six of the passengers.

ONE man was killed and several hurt in a charge of republican guards and police on a mob in Paris and 200 rioters were arrested.

A FLOOD at Maningfu and other portions of China drowned 10,000 persons.

A COLLISION between a hand car and a ballast train at Rosport, Ont., resulted in the death of four men and the injury of three others.

EMPEROR WILLIAM opened the German reichstag in person.

CHINESE pirates captured a boat from the Taiping custom house and carried off \$20,000.

OVER 60,000 soldiers were stationed in Paris to assist in quelling the riots started by students but now carried on by anarchists.

PRINCE GEORGE of York, the only son of the prince of Wales, and Princess May of Teck were married in London. Over 200 costly presents were received by the young couple, that of the princess of Wales alone being valued at \$1,250,000.

LATER advices from the colliery explosion at Yorkshire, England, say that 138 dead bodies have been recovered.

THE International Christian Endeavor convention met at Montreal with delegates present from all parts of the world. The report of the secretary showed that the membership of the organization was 1,577,040.

THE Spanish steamer Don Juan was gutted by fire at sea off Union, Spain, and 155 Chinese passengers were drowned.

THE Infanta Eulalie arrived at her home in Madrid. She expressed herself as greatly pleased with the cordiality of her reception in the United States.

LATER.
THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 8th were as follows: Philadelphia, .661; Boston, .627; Brooklyn, .576; Cleveland, .566; Pittsburgh, .550; Cincinnati, .483; Baltimore, .466; New York, .458; St. Louis, .448; Washington, .410; Chicago, .407; Louisville, .327.

A SEVERE rainstorm flooded several small towns in Dane county, Wis., and great damage to property resulted.

FREIGHT trains on the Philadelphia & Erie road collided near Johnsonburg, Pa., and Engineer John Braddock and Fireman William Hall were killed and four other trainmen were terribly injured.

A HAIL and windstorm near Rockyford, Col., did damage to the extent of \$100,000.

THE New York & New Haven railroad lost sixty-four freight cars and other property by fire at New Haven, Conn., the loss being \$100,000.

MRS. JACOB LOHNS and her baby were burned to death by an explosion of kerosene at Pekin, Ill.

ALBERT LEWIS was shot and killed and Charles Lewis fatally wounded in the climax of a feud with the Yandell family at Princeton, Ky.

THE wife, son and daughter of Henry Ganns were killed by the cars at a crossing in Richmond, Ind.

THE steamer Falcon, with Lieut. Peary and party on board, sailed from Portland, Me., for Greenland on their arctic expedition.

ABRAHAM K. ALLISON, who was governor of Florida in the '60s, died at Jacksonville, aged 83 years.

THE bank at Lesueur, Minn., the Northern national at Big Rapids, Mich., and the Citizens' bank at Winneconne, Wis., shut their doors.

THE total amount of damage done by the recent cyclone in Iowa was conservatively estimated at \$800,000.

JAMES McMULLEN, the oldest man in Kentucky, died near Bardwell, aged 117 years. He was born in Virginia in 1776.

NELS J. HOFF, a pioneer of Duluth, Minn., killed himself after an attempt upon his wife's life.

At the closing exercises in Montreal of the Christian Endeavor convention resolutions were adopted protesting against the desecration of Sunday by the opening on that day of the world's fair, declaring the action of the local directory to be repugnant to common honesty and a flagrant breach of good faith, and declaring that said directory had brought lasting disgrace upon what ought to be a glory.

CYCLONE IN IOWA.

Deadly Winds Sweep Over Several Counties—Between Fifty and One Hundred Lives Reported Lost—Many Persons Injured and Much Property Destroyed.

FORT DODGE, Ia., July 7.—Pomeroy, a town of 900 inhabitants in Calhoun county, was practically wiped out at 7 o'clock Thursday evening by a cyclone. Between fifty and sixty people were killed and nearly 100 were injured, many of whom will die. The utmost confusion followed the advent of the storm, and it was several hours before the condition of affairs there was known. As soon as the true state of affairs was learned relief trains over the Illinois Central were sent out with a corps of physicians, tents and provisions.

The town was in total darkness and the streets were filled with the wrecks of homes and business houses. The scenes were appalling as men with lanterns went about in the debris. In some instances entire families were wiped out, the mangled remains being found in the ruin of their homes. The cries of the injured were heartrending, and the general confusion was increased by the wailing of the survivors who were separated from friends or who had relatives in the wrecks. The work of rescue was slow and the trainload of helpers made little headway.

Among the dead are Mrs. W. E. Davie, wife of the station agent, her sister and Dr. White. Between fifty and 100 more are reported dead or fatally injured. Among the latter is L. W. Moody, one of the most prominent citizens of the place.

The south half of the town was razed. There was no place there to care for the injured, and a church which was just outside the track of the storm was turned into a hospital. In here the surgeons worked by the aid of lanterns and lamps. Those with broken bones were stretched upon the long pews, while others who needed surgical attention on less severe injuries were compelled to stand or lie upon the floor and await their turn. The dead were laid out upon the ground in a vacant lot at the edge of the devastated district. Through the narrow aisles left between the dead bodies the survivors passed looking for lost ones. In the confusion it was impossible to secure a list of the fatalities. All telegraph communication was cut off and trains could only be run to the edge of the town.

FONDA, Ia., July 7.—A terrific tornado passed west and south of this place between 6 and 7 o'clock Thursday evening demolishing buildings and groves, injuring many people, and causing the death of eight persons near the town who have been heard from. The dead are: John Detwiler, who lived half a mile southeast of Fonda; Mrs. Amos H. Garton and two children; Ed. Sargent, Sam Hershman, D. E. Miller and two other members of his family. A great many buildings were demolished.

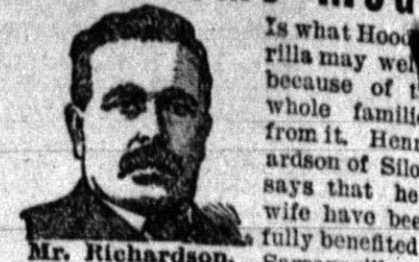
MERIDEN, Ia., July 7.—A tornado swept with terrific force over Cherokee county at 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon, killing fourteen persons and doing at least \$100,000 damage to property. Everything is confusion and wires are down in every direction. The cyclone cut a swath from 1 to 3 miles wide. It is impossible at this hour to get the names of any of the dead. Many injured have been taken to Cherokee and placed under the care of physicians. Houses, barns and fences were strewn over the valley for miles. Hundreds of acres of crops are utterly ruined and probably 500 people in the farming communities are wholly homeless.

STOIX CITY, Ia., July 7.—A cyclone, accompanied by heavy rain and hail, passed over Cherokee, Buena Vista, Ida, Sac and Pocahontas counties late Thursday afternoon. Wires are down and little can be learned. The cyclone struck just west of Quimby in Cherokee county and did much damage to property. Many buildings were wrecked. Mrs. Allen Warburton, of Quimby, was killed. Manson is reported to have been half destroyed and many lives lost. The storm swept across the country nearly eastward, destroying crops and buildings in its path. It is estimated over 100 persons were killed or wounded.

At Quimby four churches were wrecked and a number of residences literally reduced to splinters. Fires were started in three localities by lightning. The storm center appeared to pass 4 miles west of the town where for many miles nothing was left standing. Jacob Beecher, a farmer, was struck by a flying timber and instantly killed. His 5-year-old daughter was also killed and his wife and four children dangerously hurt. Charles Lotman, another farmer, is reported dead. Thomas Wall and his child had their legs broken, and his wife's spine hurt so that she will die. Others in the same neighborhood reported dead are Joseph Slate, Thomas Johnson and Henry Straub. An old man named W. R. Clemens and his wife were severely injured.

LAKEFIELD, Minn., July 7.—A cyclone struck here about 9:30 Wednesday night, doing considerable damage to buildings. The S. Y. Hyde warehouse is down and the steeple of the Methodist church is gone. A large number of barns were destroyed. Several lives are reported to have been lost in the country near here, but nothing definite has yet been learned.

The Home Med.



Is what Hood's Sarsaparilla may well be called, because of the benefit whole families derive from it. Henry C. Richardson of Silem, N. Y., says that he and his wife have been wonderfully benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mrs. R. was miserable all the time with kidney complaint but began improving when she had taken Hood's Sarsaparilla one week, and after taking three bottles was perfectly cured.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache. Try a box.

"German Syrup"

Regis Leblanc is a French Canadian store keeper at Notre Dame de Stanbridge, Quebec, Can., who was cured of a severe attack of Congestion of the Lungs by Boschee's German Syrup. He has sold many a bottle of German Syrup on his personal recommendation. If you drop him a line he'll give you the full facts of the case direct, as he did us, and that Boschee's German Syrup brought him through nicely. It always will. It is a good medicine and thorough in its work.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT CURED ME.

SUFFERED EIGHT YEARS!

Couldn't Eat or Sleep.

Dr. Kilmer & Co.—"I had been troubled for eight years with stomach and heart difficulties. I lived mostly on milk, as every-thing I ate hurt me so. My kidneys and liver were in a terrible state. Could neither sleep or eat. I had been treated by the best Chicago doctors without any benefit whatever. As a last resort I tried your SWAMP-ROOT, and now I can eat anything, no matter what. Nothing hurts me, and can go to bed and get a good night's sleep. SWAMP-ROOT cured me."

Any one doubting this statement can write, I will gladly answer." Mrs. Germain Miller, Dec. 20th, 1892. Springfield, Mich.

SWAMP-ROOT CURED ME.

Had Torpid Liver For 14 Years.

Bilious all the Time.

DEAR SIR:—"I have been troubled with Torpid Liver for 14 years and gone through courses of bilious fever; many times it has been impossible for me to do any kind of labor. Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT was first recommended to me by Holthouse, Blackburn & Co. (Druggists) Decatur, Ind. After taking one bottle I was uncertain whether I was really deriving any benefit or not; after taking the second bottle, however, I found that my health was improving and I continued until I had taken 6 bottles. I can now cheerfully recommend SWAMP-ROOT to every one who has torpid liver, for it has completely cured me."

Jan. 16th, 1893. E. W. CHRISTIAN, Decatur, Ind.

SWAMP-ROOT, The Great Blood Purifier.

At Druggists, 50c. & \$1.00 "Guide to Health" Free. Consultation Free. Dr. Kilmer & Co., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

Dr. Kilmer's Parilla Liver Pills ARE THE BEST! 42 Pills, 25 cents.

THE BEST ... ON EARTH.

IS—

HORSE SHOE PLUG.

EVERYBODY CHEWS IT!

HEED THE WARNING

Which nature is constantly giving in the shape of boils, pimples, eruptions, etc. These show that the blood is contaminated, and some assistance must be given to relieve the trouble. S.S.S. Is the remedy to force out these poisons, and enable you to

GET WELL.

"I have had for years a humor in my blood, which made me dread to shave, as small boils and pimples would be cut, thus causing the shaving to be a great annoyance. After taking three bottles my face is all clear and smooth as it should be—appetite splendid, sleep well, and feel like running a foot all from the use of S.S.S."

CHAS. HEATON, 73 Laurel St. Phila. Treatise on Blood and Skin diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates. Do not use the letters and figures plain and distinct. Proprietors are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

MY NURSE AND I.

My gentle nurse has hair of gold,
And eyes of heavenly blue;
Beneath her snowy cap they gleam,
So winning, sweet and true.

The rustle of her fresh, print gown—
The patter of her feet—
Her low voice in the evening time—
Are so much music—sweet.

She raises me with gentle care
And turns my pillow off,
And smooths my fevered, throbbing brow
With palm so cool and soft.

She hums an air when lights are low,
To soothe me in my care,
And, e'er I miss her from my side,
Again she's standing there.

I do not speak my love—and she—
She loves as well as I—
Oh, could I have my gentle nurse,
My gentle nurse for aye!

I touch her golden curls—she smiles
But will not draw away;
And when I seek to take her hand
She does not say me nay.

Could I but speak and urge the thing—
I think she'd stay—all told
I guess I know a thing or two,
Though only two weeks old.

—A. Manning, in Puck.

BABY; A MUSTANG MULE.



L. L. authoritative opinion west of the Mississippi river is agreed that, with the exception of the Indian, the

mule is the meanest and most uncertain animal that adorns the North American continent. This opinion is based upon centuries of observation and experience, and fortified by numberless modern instances; and this sweeping estimate of the character of an animal which is as useful as it is depraved is one of the few things upon which the public opinion of the trans-Mississippi region is practically unanimous.

But of the many mules it has been my misfortune to know intimately, a mustang mule, which was facetiously termed "Baby," was without any exception the very worst. Baby was born in Sonora, the satanic offspring of a patient and industrious pack burro of the Santa Margarita mines, and of a dissolute, vicious, under-sized, Roman nosed mustang stallion of a neighboring hacienda. We mention the Roman nose of the father as the possession of that feature in a horse which indicates a character depraved beyond the conception of any but a western mind.

The early youth of Baby was uninteresting, and her public career may be said to date from the nocturnal visit to Santa Margarita of a band of vagrant Mesquero Apaches, who, after burning the town and scalping its population, ran off every hoof of live stock in sight and hurried them over the Arizona line into a quiet valley in the Sierra Nevada.

A government mule's existence has passed into a military proverb as a type of hardship and wretchedness, but that life is one of ease and luxury compared with the career of an Apache mule. We may, therefore, consider it a happy



POINTED OUT BY A LIMPING PACKER.

day for Baby when her master swapped her with Don Pedro Baca for a hundred rounds of Winchester rifle ammunition and that excellent citizen hurried her off to Tucson. Here, again, she made a step upward in the direction of happiness when she passed into the hands of Col. Dan Orton, in exchange for forty blue chips, redeemable for as many dollars at the colonel's monte bank in the Chiricahua saloon.

Col. Orton knew his neighbors in Tucson, and, knowing them, was not the man to keep live stock on his hands very long; so, before many days, he traded Baby to a discouraged miner for a hole in the ground entitled "Holy Terror" silver mine, which the gallant colonel believed he could work off on some confiding eastern capitalist as a bonanza. About a week later, adorned with an aparejo and loaded with a miscellaneous assortment of camp equipment, Baby trailed out of Tucson behind a lean, paint pony on which her new master was mounted. Three months

later, master and mule were on the Little Colorado, hopelessly bankrupted and badly discouraged. When a division of the Wheeler government survey rode down from the mountains into the valley and went into camp with the disconsolate miner, a good dinner and the company of human kind gave things a more rosy hue. As the expedition had lost a number of animals in the mountains and Baby was a likely looking mule, her master turned her over to the officer in command and started for Prescott, Arizona, with a voucher for a hundred dollars in his saddle pocket, payable by the department quartermaster. Thus it was that Baby entered the military service of Uncle Sam and became a member in good standing of the expeditionary pack train.

Four months later the Wheeler expedition rode into Fort Wingate with a lot of lean, worn-out horses, wicked, sore-backed mules, and the most thoroughly disgusted, science-hating lot of cavalymen in the service; soldiers who believed that surveys were simply official schemes for torturing men into insanity. Baby arrived with the outfit, and with a reputation of being the meanest broncho mule in the Rocky mountains.

She was pointed out to me by a limping packer named Bill Stebbins, who looked at her solemnly, and said: "Young feller! That's an infernal little mule, that's meaner'n Apache, tougher'n a dry camp, quicker'n chain lightning, an' fer all roun' cussedness can beat any rattlesnake 'tween Wingate an' hell. She can kick higher'n the stars, an' bite like a wolf, an' you can see she looks milder'n a Moki squaw. I kinder tuk a shine to her at first an' sorter put confidence in her, an' now I'm limpin' round with a busted knee; consarn her Greaser hide."

Later on Baby and her sore-backed companions were sent to Santa Fe, under the charge of Corporal Jack Doyle and four men; but somehow Baby got lost on the road, and though a stout affidavit took her off the quartermaster's accounts all right, public opinion in the cavalry quarters at Wingate hinted that Corporal Jack had traded her to a Greaser in Las Lunas for whisky and other commodities.

When the troops at Wingate were ordered into the field in Texas to co-operate with Miles in the Panhandle, we camped en route at a water hole on the trail not far from the Tucumcari mountain beyond Fort Bascom, where some Mexican carretas were corralled. The Mexican stock was herded not far from ours, and as I was on herd guard that day, I kept moving between the two cavalcades. When at sundown the orderly trumpeter blew the recall for the herd, I saw a mule dash away from the Mexicans and come squealing and charging into our camp. It was Baby, and doubts as to her identity were quickly dissipated by the way she appropriated the lion's share of the feed grain of the pack train to herself, and the vigorous manner in which she beat a tattoo on the ribs of a big shave-tail Missouri mule that was foolish enough to dispute her rights. She was formally identified and gravely claimed by Jack Doyle as the mule stolen from him in Las Lunas, and, as her Mexican owner left camp hastily that night, it was only right to suppose that he had stolen Baby from the person who had bought her from Jack.

Baby resumed her irritating and vicious career just where she left it off when she left the army at Las Lunas, and before we were well off the staked plains and into the grassy valleys of the panhandle she had earned the hatred of every packer in the train. When her pack had been carefully adjusted to her aparejo, she had a knack of rolling on the prairie and wrecking the whole fabric, driving her packer into paroxysms of profanity; she had a social way of visiting round camp at night, when she ought to have been hitched to her picket line, keeping her packer awake from his rest and scaring the wits out of sentries with her heels, when they attempted to secure her. She was always in trouble; everybody clubbed her as freely as she kicked all men and mules; her grain was stinted, but she grew fat; her pack was overloaded, but she simply rolled it into wreckage, driving her masters insane; and she lived and thrived, feared by her kindred, detested by man. She was transferred experimentally from the pack train to Tim Daily's six-mule team, as a matter of discipline, for Tim was known as a mule tamer, and as the one teamster who could work and flog anything on four legs into obedience. But the baby was unconquerable; and after she had chewed his harness into pulp, had eaten the hair off the manes and tails of her companions in the team, and had broken one of Tim's ribs, Mr. Daily returned her to the pack train in disgust. Then Slim Jim Billings took her in hand and tried her under the saddle; but with her the under the saddle was always happening, and, as Jim had only one neck, he sent back the uncertain Baby to her aparejo and pack.

I became closely associated with Baby in a camp we made in a lovely spot in the grassy bottom of the Palo Duro, after a hard, hot ride over the plains. It was my ill-luck to be detailed for guard, a duty which kept me many hours in the saddle, guarding our grazing herd. The animals were tired and hungry, and content to crop the rich green grass over a small area. But not so Baby. She hungered for the brown, withered, juiceless grasses of the hills, and kept edging off there, followed by all the fool mules in the herd, who re-

garded Baby as a miracle of wisdom and wickedness. It was annoying and irritating, for I was kept on the move driving her back, and my own horse was tired and hungry. I made up my mind to give her a lesson and a surprise, and I approached her cautiously, swinging my lariat with an iron picket pin on the end of it. I intended to break her ribs with that contrivance, and she apparently did not observe my approach. That's where I made a mistake. A mule can see in seventy different directions at once, and I am convinced that Argus was a mule. Baby knew I was coming and was laying for me, so to speak. When I was within striking distance Baby appeared to stand on the tips of her ears, her hind legs fanned the air for a brief moment and then shot out straight, striking my booted leg like a combined thunderbolt and meat ax, giving me a shock that made me faint and sick at the stomach. Then she squealed gently and moved into the thick of the herd.

I rocked in the saddle nursing my leg, filling the valley with language, and then in an agony of pain rolled from the back of my horse to the grass, while Tom Mulhall roared till the tears rolled down his face watching me. I thought my leg was smashed, for the sharp hoof had cut through bootleg, trousers, socks, and underclothing into the bone. I was lame for a month, and the many clubbings I gave her seemed



HER HIND LEGS FANNED THE AIR.

to affect Baby very little and did not take the pain from the wound. With me she was entirely outside the pale of human sympathy, an animated target for ill-usage. Yet she gave as good as she got.

Starved and clubbed all that winter, the spring found her the fattest and liveliest beast in camp, as ugly and vivacious as in her early Arizona days. When we got back to the settlements, and we were homeward bound for Wingate, she, being a presentable mule, she was sent into Santa with Tom Baxter's team for supplies, while the column swung round to Pino's ranch and on to Pena Blanca on the Rio Grande, to await her arrival.

Tom Baxter left Santa Fe with a skin and canteen full of bad whisky, and after he had pulled up on the mesa of La Bajada, he crawled into the wagon to take a snooze. He awoke later to find his wagon traveling at an unusually rapid pace, and, looking out, his heart stood still. He was whirling rapidly down La Bajada hill, the steepest and most dangerous in the territory. The trail was little more than wagon wide and ran between a wall of rock and the sheer depths of an ugly canyon. Teams going down its dangerous depths looked wheels, braced back the animals on the tongue, and slipped down carefully and cautiously. No wonder the cold sweat stood on Tom's face, to find his wagon running wild down such a road. He crawled out over the tail board and leaned against the rocky wall, watching the wagon whose momentum increased every second, rushing down toward the gray plain that stretched out toward the river.

The terrified mules felt that they were in the clutch of fate, as they screamed and stretched down the sheer wagon trail, in a vain endeavor to get away from the burden that pushed them relentlessly along. The pace increased; the wagon rocked, and now a wheel mule dropped in the traces; but its maddened companions tore along, squealing with terror. Now the other wheeler is down and the wagon sways in a way that makes the staring, white-faced Baxter pant and turn sick. But down the hill the frightful pace continued, the terrified lead-mules tending in towards the wall and away from the black depths that appalled. The heavy wagon had now the momentum of a locomotive, when it struck a projecting boulder, was swung around, staggered on the edge of the dark ravine, and then went over the side like an avalanche, dragging its wretched, wild-screaming, harnessed victims to death and destruction in the black bottom of the canyon.

Baxter staggered down the trail, sobered and sick, hardly daring to look into the canyon where the brutes had fallen, feeling that his drunken carelessness had caused the death of his animals; and reaching the foot of the hill he turned up the canyon to find the wreck. The wagon was in splinters, its cargo scattered around; all the mules were dead, save Baby, and she, with broken legs and great gasping sobs, was dying in awful agony. Tears came to Baxter's eyes as he put a pistol to the brave little brute's head and finished her earthly career.

Then he turned away, waited for his detachment to join him, and came into camp, a prisoner, to tell how the unconquerable Baby had died.—Joseph Smith, in Illustrated American.

LOST IN THE LAKE.

A Yacht Capsized at Chicago During a Violent Squall and Four Persons Are Drowned—Fears of Other Loss of Life on Lake Michigan—A Disaster Abroad.

CHICAGO, July 10.—A furious wind and rainstorm swept over the city between 5 and 6 o'clock Sunday evening and caught many a craft on Lake Michigan. Four persons are known to have been drowned and in several cases boats were capsized and narrow escapes from drowning were had.

By the capsizing of the sailing yacht Chesapeake near the life saving station nine people were thrown into the water and four of them were drowned. Their bodies were not recovered. The dead are: Themistocles Thambolis, of Athens, Greece; William B. Cornish, of Chicago; Ethel H. Chase, of Boston; Harvey Marlow, of Chicago.

The Chesapeake was a well built yacht and was owned by the Avery brothers, William and Fred. The former is captain and is counted skillful in handling a sailboat. The party had been out during the afternoon and had been enjoying the pleasant sailing. When the storm struck them they were unprepared to battle against the sudden fury and before any on board had time to prepare for the emergency they were all in the water. Some were able to swim, but others were not, and before assistance arrived four lives had been lost.

When the yacht capsized the Avery brothers and Gray swam to the assistance of Miss Compton and succeeded in getting her back to the overturned yacht, where they clung until Capt. McRae, of the tug Robert Terrance, who witnessed the disaster, came to their assistance. Miss Compton and Gray were unconscious when rescued and they were taken to the life saving station. It was feared at first that both would die, but they were finally revived. Ethel Chase, the young lady who was drowned, lived in Boston and was visiting friends in this city. As the vessel capsized she was caught in the rigging and held under water until dead despite the efforts of the survivors to release her. Her body was afterwards carried away by the force of the waves.

Just before the storm came up two boys, each about 16 years of age, hired a boat at the foot of Barry avenue. They were about a mile from shore when the squall struck them. At midnight neither the boat nor its occupants had reached shore and it is feared the boys were drowned.

The sloop yacht Seashell started out early in the afternoon for a sail and after leaving the slip and passing through the gap at Van Buren street shaped her course about southwest. On board were ten young men, several of whom had a share in the ownership of the yacht. They were all new in handling a sailboat, and when the squall struck them they were probably helpless. The boat was crowded by this large number of people, and those who were unable to act at the crisis were in the way of the others who knew something of the workings of a boat. As quick action was the only thing that could have saved the boat and its human load, it is thought highly probable that they were capsized and drowned.

The police at South Chicago were notified Sunday night that during the storm three young men had been seen struggling in the lake off Cheltenham. It is believed they were drowned, but who they were is not known. Their boat was not recovered.

CHICAGO, July 10.—A windstorm of terrific force, followed by a heavy downpour of rain, passed over the White City a few minutes before 6 Sunday evening, doing considerable damage to the different buildings and the exhibits stored within. Some damage—principally in broken glass—was done in nearly all the buildings, but the exact amount of harm done the displays by the soaking they received will not be known until the exhibitors appear to-day. The big captive balloon on Midway Plaisance was burst by the force of the cyclone and is a total loss. It had just landed a load of passengers. The loss is estimated at \$35,000.

LONDON, July 10.—An accident resulting in the loss of twenty lives took place off Skegness, a watering place on the east coast of England. A party went from the village for a day's sail in a yacht. They were caught in a heavy squall when some distance off shore and the yacht capsized. Before assistance could reach the people struggling in the water twenty of them, were drowned.

PLAGUE AND STARVATION.

Ironwood Hospital Full of Typhoid Fever Patients—Thousands of Miners Idle.

BESSEMER, Mich., July 10.—The situation at Ironwood continues to grow worse. None of the infected city water is used, but new cases appear regularly. Wells have been ordered closed and pure water is imported from Ashland and Milwaukee. The hospital and armory are full of typhoid fever patients and school buildings must be used for the same purpose. Added to the horrors of the plague, 3,000 miners are idle and the city and county poor funds are exhausted. Five hundred persons are now living on public or private bounty and thousands more are on the verge of requiring charity to buy food.

Was Born in 1776.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 10.—James McMullen, the oldest man in Kentucky, died near Bardwell Sunday. He was born in Virginia in 1776.

LOOK OUT FOR STORMS.

The Weather Bureau Issues a Note of Warning, and Incidentally Gives Some Statistics of the Loss of Life and Property by the Tornadoes of 1893—The Situation at Pomeroy, Ia.—Big Storms East and West.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The disastrous cyclones through Iowa have brought a warning bulletin from the weather bureau. The bureau claims to have predicted this and other similar storms of the year from twelve to twenty-four hours in advance of their arrival. The bulletin deserves special attention. It follows:

"Referring to the occurrence of the recent tornadoes in the west, attention is called to the fact that these destructive storms have been unusually numerous and severe during the present season. During February tornadoes were reported from Mississippi and Louisiana; during March from Alabama, Georgia and Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Missouri, Indiana and Kentucky; during April from Ohio, Illinois, New York, West Virginia, Iowa, Arkansas, Indian territory, Oklahoma, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, South Dakota, Texas, Georgia, Alabama, Indiana, Ohio, Iowa, South Dakota, Minnesota, Michigan, Missouri, Tennessee and Kentucky; during June from Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Indiana, Georgia and Texas, and during July from Iowa.

"It is estimated that about 170 lives have been lost and probably a million and a half dollars' worth of property destroyed. The most destructive of these storms, those entailing the greatest loss of life and property were those of March 3, in Mississippi; April 11 and 12, in Missouri; April 5, in Missouri; June 21, in Kansas, and that of July 6, in Iowa. This last storm exceeds all previous tornadoes in the number of lives lost since that of March 27, 1892, at Louisville, Ky.

"In the greater number of these cases the weather bureau has given warning from twelve to twenty-four hours in advance, and in the case of the Iowa tornado messages were sent the preceding night to every weather bureau station in the state, stating that severe local storms were likely to occur in Iowa on Thursday, the 6th. The warnings were disseminated as widely as possible throughout the state by telephone and telegraph during the day, and the people within reach of these agencies were cautioned to be on their guard.

"Special attention has been given to the forecasting of tornadoes this year by the weather bureau, and with marked success. It is not to be inferred from the foregoing statement that there is a permanent change in the weather conditions in the direction of the increase of tornadoes, but this is an unusual year for their occurrence, as was also the year 1883. As a matter of precaution and protection residents of the states in the upper and central Mississippi and Missouri valleys should provide places of safe resort, such as a portion of the cellars in their houses strongly protected."

POMEROY, Ia., July 10.—There are now in the various hospitals here 113 people. Of this number ten or twelve will die; fifty are severely injured, but they stand a better chance of recovery than of dying, fifteen are quite badly hurt, and the balance have merely cuts and bruises, most of them painful, but not dangerous. With those that have died the death list reaches a total of forty-nine. This does not include the dozen or more who were killed out in the country hereabouts, but merely those who were within the corporate limits of Pomeroy when the cyclone swooped down upon the town.

The streets are full of people who are hobbling along with canes and crutches, or who have their arms in slings or bandages over their heads and faces. These are not included in the official list. It is therefore safe to say that fully 260 people in this neighborhood were either killed or wounded in the tornado. The total amount of damage done by the cyclone in the state is conservatively estimated at \$800,000.

Carloads of provisions arrive on every train and enough clothing to supply all the survivors is stacked up in the building used as the headquarters of the committee. What is needed now is money. The victims have plenty to eat and wear, but they are in most cases penniless. What little they had was their homes and what there was in them, but these have been blown away. Money to rebuild is what the relief committee is calling for now.

NEW YORK, July 10.—A terrific storm passed over New York and vicinity and went out to sea at 6 o'clock Saturday evening, and during the hour that it lasted did a great deal of damage and killed three or four people. The damage in New York city was not very great, but along the seacoast the destruction to property was large.

Edward E. Newell, a piano tuner, and Martin H. Campbell sought shelter under an overhanging rock at Fort Washington lane and Eleventh avenue. About 6:15 Newell awoke from a stupor and found Campbell dead. Both had apparently been struck by lightning. Emile Obele was drowned off North Beach by the capsizing of a boat, and two men who were out in another boat are reported missing. An unknown man is reported to have been struck by lightning on Long Island and killed.

MILWAUKEE, July 10.—The storm of Saturday night was very severe through the central part of the state. The railroads suffered from numerous washouts which delayed trains to some extent. Fortunately the most of the trouble was on the branches where travel is light. In the country crops are leveled to the ground. Oats and corn will recover but rye and winter wheat are much damaged.

ROCKFORD, Col., July 10.—This section was visited early Saturday morning by one of the most destructive hail and windstorms ever experienced. The damage is estimated at \$100,000. A space 10 miles square was visited and growing crops are a total loss. Ditches broke their banks and added flood to the devastation. Windows were broken and the ice could be shoveled up in piles in the street.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

SILK-SALE

We have about 300 yards of Grosgrain Silk in Colors, worth \$1.00 per yard, we offer to close at

59 Cents.

Bargains in Figured China Silks, Plain, Etc. Come and See.

Lonsdale Bleached Cotton, 7 1/2c per yd.
Good Prints, 5c per yd.
Splendid Line of Challies 5c per yd.

Kid Glove Dept.

We offer for a short time our One Dollar Gloves for

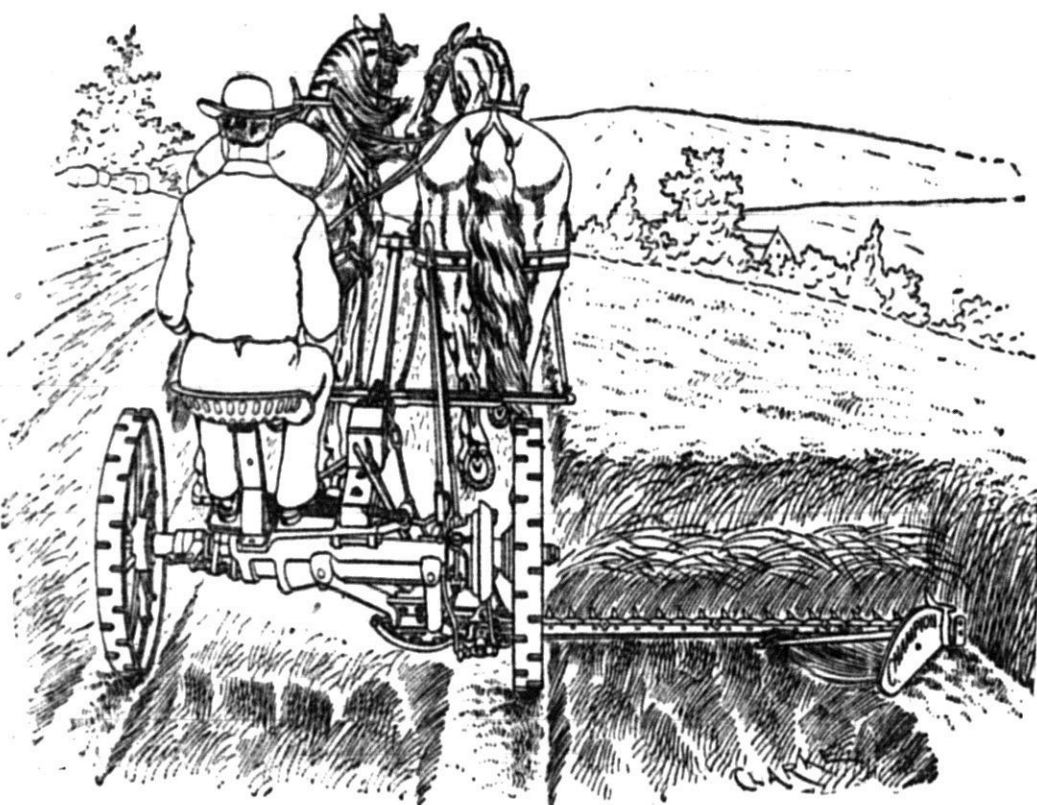
79 Cents.

Corset Department.

We offer the best Fifty-cent Summer Corset in the market for the money.

We are showing new Black Check Nainsooks this week.

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.



WE ARE AGENTS for Champion Binders and Mowers; Tiger, Thomas and Daisy Horse Rakes; Thomas and Tiger Tedders; Tremont Riding Cultivators and Oliver Plows. Call and see us as we have the best tools and the right price. Headquarters for Machine Oils

HAY FORKS 25 CENTS EACH.

HOAG & HOLMES.

MICHIGAN

May be years behind in road Improvements, but

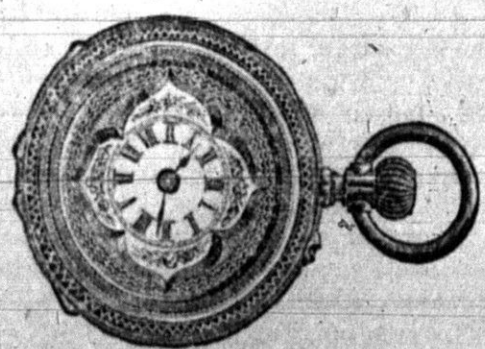
R. A. Snyder

Is not a day behind with his stock of shoes

For Spring.

The Ladies are invited to call and see the greatest bargain in a shoe ever offered in Chelsea, for

\$1.50.



Cigars & Tobaccos.

In connection with my jewelry stock I have put in a

Choice Line of Cigars Smoking and Chewing Tobacco.

Watches, Clocks, Chains and Charms, Gold Spectacles, and other fancy and common styles of Eye Glasses, also Razors, Shears, Scissors and Pocket Knives.

FRED KANTLENHER.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Dr. R. S. Armstrong is quite ill.
Mrs. Wm. Kay spent Sunday in Dexter.
Miss Bessie Winans is visiting in Lansing.
The marshal is now collecting the village

taxes.
Miss Agnes Winters is visiting Jackson friends.

Miss May Judson has returned to Lansing.
Miss Mattie Glenn is visiting in Jackson

this week.
C. Babcock is on the road for the Jackson Corset Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bosoh spent Sunday in Dexter.

M. Boyd has moved into his new store this week.

Mrs. Eugene Freer is visiting her mother in Jackson.

Alton Fletcher was a Jackson visitor Wednesday.

H. Beal is moving into his new house on Garfield street.

John Lee, of Dexter, was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

W. P. Schenk was in Ann Arbor Tuesday on business.

M. J. Lehman, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday in town.

The coal monopoly is grinding the coal consumers again.

R. A. Snyder spent several days in Chicago last week.

Robert Boyd visited relatives and friends at Mason last week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Wurster and daughter spent Sunday in Scio.

Annette Kingsley, of Manchester, is visiting Mrs. Calkins.

You can address him now as Justice George W. Turnbull.

Mrs. A. Mensing visited in Waterloo the fore part of this week.

A. L. Noble and family, of Ann Arbor, are camping at Cavanaugh.

Lester Canfield is now one of the guards in the Jackson state prison.

C. E. DePuy, of Stockbridge was a Chelsea visitor last Tuesday.

Mrs. R. Kempf, of Ann Arbor, is visiting relatives and friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Brown expect to return to Lansing to-morrow.

Edward Avery, of California, is the guest of Chelsea relatives this week.

Potatoes have been largely planted this season and look well at present.

Mrs. Thos. Ewing, of California, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Sears.

H. S. Holmes and Wm. Judson were in Pinckney Wednesday shipping wool.

Nearly every one is getting in their supply of coal for the coming winter.

Mrs. Wm. Riemenschneider visited in the vicinity of Francisco Wednesday.

Mrs. Prendergast, of Owosso, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. Neuberger.

Mrs. A. Spicer, of Chicago, was the guest of Miss Edith Congdon last week.

From present indications the huckleberry crop will be a large one this year.

Miss Anna McCover, of Battle Creek, is visiting her parents on West Middle street.

Miss Laura Kendall, of Fosters, was the guest of Mrs. R. A. Snyder the past week.

Mrs. C. Grant and son, of Rodney, Ont., are the guests of relatives and friends here.

Mrs. Rolla Beckwith is spending the present week with friends in Grass Lake.

Miss Cora Bowen left Sunday night for Chicago, where she will visit the World's Fair.

Mrs. J. Mitton and son, of Ridgetown, Ont., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bury.

Miss Edith Clark, of Ypsilanti, is the guest of Mrs. Amelia Glover, of Orchard street.

Prof. W. J. Herdman, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Dr. G. W. Palmer last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Jedele, of Scio, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Rheinfrank last week.

Miss Nellie Ames, of Ann Arbor, was entertained by Miss Ella Louise Morton this week.

A regular examination of teachers will be held in Ann Arbor the first Thursday in August.

Miss Caroline Case, of Jackson, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman, of South street.

Elmer Bates, while testing a gun last Monday, had his face quite badly burned with powder.

Rev. Mr. Andrews will occupy the pulpit at the Lyndon Baptist church for the ensuing year.

Mrs. John Schenk and children spent a few days this week with Mr. and Mrs. R. Hoppe in Sylvan.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bachman and daughter, Florence, are World's Fair visitors this week.

Rev. D. Greiner and Miss M. Greiner, of Grand Rapids, were the guests of Dr. Greiner last week.

Peter Hindelang is having a handsome granite monument erected on his lot in Mt. Olivet Cemetery.

How about that ordinance relative to the muzzling of dogs during the months of July and August?

Mrs. Wiley Reynolds and son, of Jackson, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Runciman this week.

A half dozen high officials of the Michigan Central railroad spent half an hour in our village last Tuesday.

E. C. Hill, the jeweler, of Brown City, was in town Sunday, and moved his family to that city on Monday.

Wm. F. Riemenschneider has purchased a lot at Cavanaugh Lake, and has let the contract for a new cottage.

Miss Tressa Winter, of Middle street, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cowlishaw at Grand Rapids this week.

Revs. Aldinger, of Francisco, and Haag, of Chelsea, attended a Sunday School picnic at Ann Arbor Wednesday.

Miss Lizzie Winters is clerking for the H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co. during the absence of her sister, Miss Tressa.

Sam Heselshwerdt left for Ann Arbor last Monday, where he has accepted a position with Stabler, the decorator.

Miss Clara Self, of Jackson, and Miss Eva L. Cross, of Brooklyn, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Self this week.

Apples are going to be very scarce again in this vicinity this season, but peaches look promising so far for a good crop.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Vogel, Mrs. M. Manz and Miss Clara Haab, leave Saturday for Chicago, to visit the World's Fair.

Mrs. Wm. Arnold, who has been spending some time in Saginaw taking care of her mother who is very ill, returned home Saturday night.

The young ladies of St. Mary's parish will hold their second ice cream social in the Town Hall, on Saturday next, July 15th. Cream will be served from 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Last Sunday we were shown a bouquet of dahlias, grown by Miss Mary Pierce, which we think were the first of the season in this vicinity. They were about the finest specimen we ever saw.

Chelsea possesses properties for teneup the system equal to Ypsilanti or Mt. Clemens. We have a number of medicinal springs whose waters are as pure and clear as the snow on the hill-top.

Mrs. Wm. Burkhart, of North Lake, who is visiting her son, Aaron Burkhart, of this village, fell down stairs last Monday morning and was injured quite badly.

Mrs. Burkhart is 74 years of age.

We hereby inform the traveling public and strangers in general, that the startling sounds they hear at intervals, is nothing more than the spasmodic contortions and groans of a windmill on South street.

Mrs. C. Bauer's dwelling house, one mile south-west of Chelsea on the Territorial road, was burned to the ground last Thursday night, caused by the explosion of a lamp. The house and contents was insured in the Washtenaw Mutual.

The following ladies and gentlemen left Monday for the Red Cottage, North Lake, where they will spend a few weeks: Miss Mabel Gillam, Miss Tess Conlon, Miss Tressa Staffan, Miss O. North, Wm. Gillam, H. Stannard, John Beissel and Leo Staffan.

If the reader of this item is in Chelsea July 1894, he will find among other things: A number of new houses in course of erection; The Glazier Oil Stove Company still shipping thousands of their celebrated Oil and Gas Stove to all parts of the country; W. P. Schenk & Co. located in their new, handsome and commodious double store on South Main street, and business thriving in that end of the town; A lively trade among the merchants who advertise; and other things too numerous to mention.

Lewis G. Gorton, principal of the Bishop school, Detroit, was elected president of the Agricultural College last Monday by the State board of Agriculture. Prof. Gorton was born in Waterloo township, Jackson county, about 35 years ago. He received his early education in the common district schools and then graduated from the Chelsea high school. After that he attended the state normal school at Ypsilanti, graduating in 1879. During the last year there he also attended lectures at the university at Ann Arbor.

COMPARE

These Prices

With those of our competitors, and oblige.

You Can't Afford

To neglect the opportunity we are giving in the shape of Bargains in Groceries.

All Goods Guaranteed.

Best Lemons 25c per dozen.
Pint Mason fruit jars with cap and rubbers 75c per dozen.

Quart Mason fruit jars with cap and rubbers 90c per dozen.

Two quart Mason fruit jars with caps and rubbers \$1.10 per dozen.

Paris Green 20c per pound.
London Purple 12 1/2c per pound.

All patent Medicines 1/4 off.
Good New Orleans molasses 25c per gal.

3 cans best pumpkin for 25c.
8 lb. Rolled Oats for 25c.

Rice 5c per lb.
Good Raisins 8c per lb.

Fine Japan Tea 30c per lb.
2 pkg Yeast Cakes for 5c.

Gloss Starch 6c per lb.
Sugar Syrup 25c per gal.

Presto Fine Cut tobacco 28c lb.
Purest spices that can be bought.

Headlight kerosine oil 9c gal.
Good Coffee 19c per lb.

Raw Linseed Oil 51c per gal.
Boiled Linseed Oil 54c per gal.

25 lb sulphur for \$1.00.
23 boxes matches for 25c.

Unexcelled Baking Powder 20c lb.
Pure cider vinegar 18c per gal.

Best crackers 4 lb for 25c.
Cleaned English currants 10c lb.

Tea Dust 12 1/2c per lb.
4 boxes 8 oz. tacks for 5c.

Saleratus 6c per lb.
Herring 20c per box.

6 doz clothespins for 5c.
Good toothpicks 5c per box.

F. P. Glazier & Co.

ADIRONDA

Wheeler's Heart Cure

—Positively Cures—

HEART DISEASE, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,

UNEXCELLED FOR INFANTS

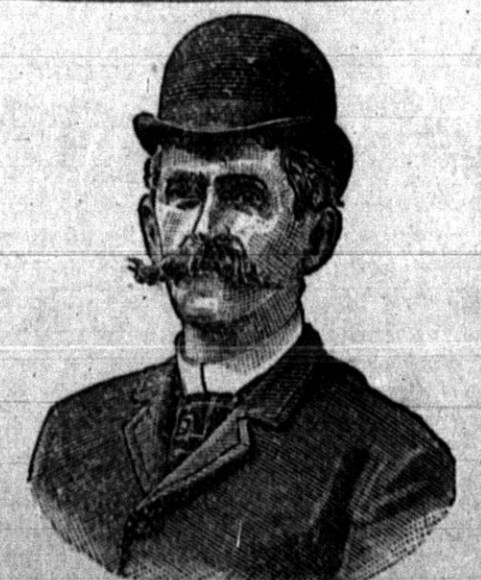
A Blessed Boon for Tired Mothers and Restless Babies.

Purely Vegetable. Guaranteed free from opiates, 100 full sized doses 50c.

Rev. R. N. Middleton, pastor M. E. church, Cedar Springs, Mich., says: Sleep and rest were Strangers to me after preaching till I used "Adironda." Now I sleep soundly and awake refreshed, and I can heartily recommend it.

Prepared by WHEELER and FULLER MEDICINE CO., Cedar Springs, Mich.

Sold by R. S. Armstrong & Co., Drug-gists, Chelsea, Mich.



GEO. E. DAVIS, Everybodys :-

Auctioneer. Headquarters at HERALDOFFICE.

JULY SALE

*** AT ***
GEO. H. KEMPF'S.

1-4 off ON ALL 1-4 off
WOOL DRESS GOODS.
1-4 off ON ALL 1-4 off

Dress Trimmings.

All Challies at cost. All Satines at cost. All Prints at cost. All Glorias at cost. All Gingham at cost. All goods at Special July Prices.

Highest price for Butter and Eggs.
GEO. H. KEMPF.

New Crockery and Glassware

I have just received a new lot of Crockery and Glassware; and have present a more complete line than ever before, consisting of:

Dinner Sets Chamber Sets
Water Sets Berry Sets
Fine China Pieces Lamps
Plant Jars, Etc.

Dishes sold by full set or by single piece. Nice perfect Mason Fruit jars just received.

Fancy and Staple Groceries, Always on hand.


GEO. BLAICH.

U SHOOT U S

If what we tell you is not true just get out your grandfather's old flint and load it with shoddy goods and come in and shoot us.

We are very busy but we still have time to show you our line of things pants fancy vests, etc., which we are selling at the right figures, and a perfect fit guaranteed.

J. RAFTREY, - - MERCHANT TAILOR.



GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES
The World's Best

Gasoline Stoves AND Refrigerators
At Closing out Prices.
Preserving Kettles, Hammocks, Croquet Sets, Screens and all kinds Binding Twine, at lowest prices. Walker buggies at factory prices.
W. J. KNAPP.

PEOPLE TALK

They talk about us because we sell Fine Goods Cheap.

WE ACKNOWLEDGE

That we have one of the largest and finest stocks of Jewelry in Chelsea. That is another reason why they talk. These are facts.

L. & A. WINANS.

Repairing neatly and promptly done. When in need of anything in our line give us a call.

FACTS FOR FARMERS.

I handle the following named Implements, and if in need of any don't fail to see me before buying, as I can save you money.
The Kraus and Akron Sulky Cultivators. No cultivators ever gained popularity more rapidly than the KRAUS and AKRON.
The Planter's Pride Solid Steel Frame Cultivator, which is one of the best Corn and Bean Cultivators made.
The Monarch Steel Frame Lever Harrow. Strongest, easiest to use and most durable of harrows.
The Russell Engines and Threshers, which are among the best.
All grades of Machine Oil always on hand, at bottom prices.
CHAS. G. KAERCHER.

Here and There.

Wheat harvest began this week. The huckleberry season has opened. C. E. Whitaker has a new "ad" in this issue.

Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Hoover are in Chicago this week.

Frank Staffan was in Grass Lake Saturday on business.

J. J. Raffrey has a change of "ad" in this issue. Read it.

Mrs. Nancy Martin died at Salem, June 28, 1893, aged 98 years.

The "Ferguson Cradle Cart" is the latest in the road cart line.

Wm. Dancer, of Stockbridge, was a Chelsea visitor last Tuesday.

The state troops will encamp at Island Lake from August 10th to 15th.

L. & A. Winans have a change of "ad" this week. Don't fail to read it.

Miss Belle Hall left for Grand Rapids Wednesday night to visit friends.

Miss Cramer, of Jackson, is being entertained by Miss Katie Staffan this week.

Dave Alber says you will have to keep out of his huckleberry march or pay a fine.

The salary of the postmaster at Ypsilanti has been increased from \$2,300 to \$2,400.

Mrs. A. Durand is visiting her daughter, Mrs. G. Robinson, at Battle Creek this week.

Miss Allie McIntosh, of Grass Lake, is spending a few days this week with Chelsea friends.

Emancipation Day, August 1st, will be celebrated in Ypsilanti by the colored Odd Fellows.

Mrs. Clarence Maroney and Mrs. Israel Vogel called on Dexter friends one day last week.

The Misses Alice and Kate Gorman were in Jackson this week attending the funeral of a friend.

W. P. Schenk & Co., offer some bargains this week that are hard to beat. See "ad" on first page.

Rev. S. T. Morris, of the Dexter Congregational church, has accepted a call from Red Jacket.

Wm. B. Gildart wife and son, of Stockbridge, left on Day Express last Thursday for the World's Fair City.

Jackson clergymen will not bury the dead on Sunday hereafter unless under peculiarly aggravated circumstances.

Sneak thieves entered the basement of Dr. G. W. Palmer's residence Wednesday evening and stole a few cooking utensils.

Mrs. John Smith, of Kingston, Ont., who is 90 years old, is reported to be cutting a new set of teeth. Five teeth have already made their appearance.

The call of President Cleveland for an extra session of Congress to convene August 7th, seems to meet with general approval throughout the country.

Farmers generally are pretty well convinced that a long, cold winter, even if the ground be frozen three feet deep for three months, is no preventive against the ravages of potato bugs.

Mrs. Bruce Watson, Cedar Springs, Mich., says: "Whenever I am real tired and nervous I take about seven drops of 'Adironda' and I always obtain instant relief." Sold by R. S. Armstrong & Co.

The total amount of taxes assessed against railroad companies operating in Michigan for the year ending Dec. 31, 1892 has been computed by Commissioner Billings at \$893,662.01, an increase of \$9,427.81 over 1891.

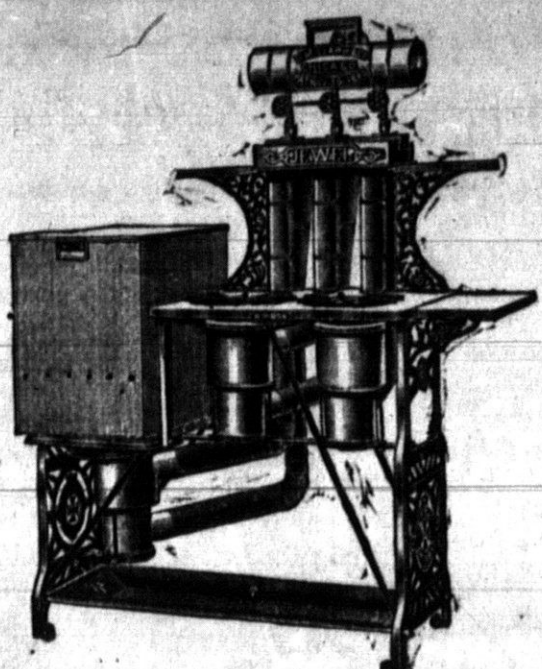
The Inter State Commerce Commission has decided that celery shall be classified with cauliflower, green peas, lettuce and such vegetables, instead of with grapes, peaches and other fruit, in railroad freight rates. This materially lowers the cost of shipment.—Register.

Examine your grape vines, and if you find that there is an insect eating the leaves, it will be well to take prompt and vigorous measures to exterminate the pest. A very good method to accomplish this is to boil tobacco clippings or what is still better, tobacco stems, in water, and sprinkle the vines with the fluid.

People are now attracting attention to themselves by going to the World's fair by all methods of transportation. Some go on horseback, some on muleback, some on bicycles, some walk and we may expect soon to hear of balloon expeditions to Chicago. But the good, old-fashioned palace car method still continues the easiest way to get to the fair.

One of the unfailing ways to work the normal temperature of the body up to the melting point in this kind of an atmosphere is to think about, talk about and fret about the weather. Ask every man you meet if it is hot enough for him, and then smile over your original wit. The effort at smiling at such a remark ought to cause enough friction to raise the temperature a half dozen degrees.

HAY FORKS
25 Cents Each.



Window Screens
25c Each.

Jewel Process Stoves are the Best

BECAUSE:

Last season there was not one Imperfect or Returnable Stove sent out. The Ovens are Perfect Bakers. The Needles are made of German Silver. The main burner tubes and upper front tubes are made of brass. Study the Jewel and you will decide it is the best stove made.

Lightning and Gem Freezers, Refrigerators, Hammocks, Croquets, and Screen Doors.

HOAG & HOLMES.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect May 28th 1893.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Mail 10.29 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express 6.39 P. M.
Night Express 9.42 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Night Express 5.02 A. M.
Jackson Accommodation 7.24 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express 10.23 A. M.
Mail 3.52 P. M.
† Detroit Day Express 5.02 P. M.

† Stops only to let off passengers.

Wm. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE NOT RIP.

Do you wear them? When next in need try a pair.

Best in the world.

\$5.00 \$3.00
\$4.00 \$2.50
\$3.50 \$2.00
\$2.50 \$1.75
\$2.25 \$1.75
\$2.00 \$1.75

FOR GENTLEMEN FOR LADIES FOR BOYS FOR MISSES

If you want a fine DRESS SHOE, made in the latest styles, don't pay \$6 to \$8, try my \$3, \$3.50, \$4.00 or \$5 Shoe. They fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

BAUMGARDNER'S

Marble & Granite Works.

American and Imported

Granite and Marble.

All Kinds of Building Stone.

CEMETERY WORK

A SPECIALTY.

Estimates Cheerfully Furnished.

All Work Guaranteed.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

ANN ARBOR, MICH.

Shop corner of Detroit and Catherine Streets.

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For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 351 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.00 six months. Address MUNN & CO., Publishers, 351 Broadway, New York City.



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bros. Bank.

Dr. K. GREINER,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours—10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 4 p. m.

Office in the Sherry building, Chelsea, Mich.

G. W. PALMER,

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.

R. McCOLGAN,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

Office and residence west side South Main street, second door from South St.

Office hours, 3 to 6 p. m.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

DENTISTRY

Dr. C. S. CHADWICK,

A Graduate of the U. of M., will be in Chelsea every Monday and Tuesday to practice dentistry. I am prepared to do all kinds of work in my profession with skill and dispatch. Prices reasonable.

Office over Glazier's store.

Dr. C. E. PARKER.

VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College. Diseases of all domestic animals treated on the most scientific principles. Orders received by telegraph or telephone, promptly attended to day or night. Consultation and examination at office, free. Residence and office on Ann Arbor street, 2nd door from Opera House.

DENTEX, MICHIGAN.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

CITY BARBER SHOP

Kempf Bros. old bank building.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

WM. CASPARY.

FIRE ! FIRE !!

If you want insurance call on

Gilbert & Crowell. We represent

companies whose gross assets amount

to the sum of \$15,000,000.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, : : MICHIGAN.

THE Army of the Tennessee will this year hold their reunion in Chicago.

THE four richest of the woman's colleges in this country, Vassar, Wellesley, Smith and Bryn Mawr, received about \$6,000,000 in gifts of every kind during the first twenty years of their existence.

THE total output of silver bullion last year was 152,000,000 ounces. Of this enormous aggregate the United States took 54,000,000 ounces and stored it away in its treasury vaults at Washington and India took 45,000,000 ounces, which it is supposed to have coined into rupees.

IN Hawaii, one of the Sandwich islands, there is a spot called the Rock of Refuge. If a criminal reaches this rock before capture he is safe so long as he remains there. Usually his family supply him with food until he is able to make his escape, but he is never allowed to return to his own tribe.

MISS MAMIE BACOT, aged sixteen, of Beaufort, S. C., deserves one of Secretary Carlisle's gold medals for life-saving. But for her promptness in springing into the water at Beaufort a few days ago to the assistance of Mrs. Phinizy and her little son, of Augusta, they would probably both have been drowned.

JULES VERNE is an officer of the Legion of Honor. The decree conferring the decoration on him was signed just two hours before the fall of the empire. That has not been his only piece of good luck. His "Around the World in Eighty Days" has brought his publishers \$2,000,000 and himself correspondingly large royalties.

THE high price of hogs which prevailed a year ago influenced a free marketing and a consequent scarcity this year. It is predicted that the present heavy marketing of cattle this year will produce similar results among cattle, so that the herders of the great west and southwest have something to which to look forward.

A WRITER has figured out that the United States produces 2,200 pounds of grain to each inhabitant: Denmark, 2,005; Canada, 1,500; Russia, 1,200; Roumania, 1,150; Spain, 1,100; France, 990; Sweden, 980; Argentine Republic, 850; Australia, 700; Germany, 700; Belgium, 600; Portugal, 550; Ireland, 500; Scotland, 490; England, 360.

SMITH'S Island, or "Bald Head's island," as it is better known, is reputed to be one of the strangest bits of land north of Florida. The island is said to project nearer the Gulf stream than any other land on this continent, and, as a result, is sub-tropical. The palmetto grows in profusion, while the olive and the myrtle are found in abundance.

THE telephone is now used by deep-water divers. A receiver and transmitter combined is affixed to the inside of the helmet near the diver's ear. By a slight turn of his head he can speak into the phone and he can hear readily from it at all times. Its value in deep-sea work, for reporting progress or receiving instructions, is clear. Formerly the only communication was by a system of pulls at a cord.

BRITISH educators have sent a committee of women to this country to investigate the educational methods prevailing in our public schools, and to ascertain those of its features which it is desirable to embody in the bill now being prepared for presentation to parliament with a view of improving the educational methods in England. This is a pleasing tribute to the American system of education.

IN artillery firing from north to south there is a divergence of projectiles to the left due to the earth's rotation, and in firing due north the divergence is to the right. The extent of the "pull" varies at different points on the earth's surface, and with projectiles fired at different speeds and elevations. In England a deflection of five inches is found to occur with the projectile of a 12-pounder in a 4,000-yard range.

AN invention designed to facilitate the immediate stopping of a vessel moving in dangerous waters, or in danger of colliding with another vessel, has been patented by a Peruvian. A vertically sliding frame on a post at the bow of the vessel has on its sides pivoted wings adapted to expand transversely to offer resistance to the forward motion of the vessel in the water when the frame is in its lowermost position.

THERE are five silver mines in Colorado, any one of which yields over \$200,000 every month, a sum greater than the entire output of Cripple Creek gold camp, where is found the largest producing gold mine in the state. Yet the production of gold in Colorado is on the increase, and new and old gold properties are being industriously worked. The ore shipments from Creede for the first five months of the present year amounted to 40,255 tons against 12,445 for the same time last year.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

AFFORDS A GOOD FIELD.

Recent Legislation Has Caused an Increase in Life Insurance.

State Insurance Commissioner McGill in his report says that the progress of life insurance in Michigan since it was established upon a permanent basis has been truly marvelous. The number of life, fidelity and casualty insurance companies now doing business in the state is thirty-seven. During the year covered by the report 54,040 policies were issued to the amount of \$28,833,967. The number of policies in force are 101,380, representing \$115,637,505; premiums received during the year are \$3,932,365; losses paid, \$1,471,385. The increase of business during the year was nearly 25 per cent. in the amount of policies in force.

Five Persons Killed.

The house on the Joseph Cross farm 4 1/4 miles northeast of Gagetown was struck by lightning and consumed and five persons were burned to death. Five others escaped. One, Miss Roberts, was probably fatally hurt. The dead are: Mr. Babcock, wife and child, of Silverwood; Mr. Frost, of Fostoria, and the 5-year-old son of Mr. Roberts, the tenant.

Blaze at Menominee.

Fire broke out in the Girard company's large dry shed at Menominee and spread to a number of loaded box cars, all of which were burned. Several residences and barns were also destroyed. The loss is about \$40,000; insurance less than \$10,000. Henry Chandaneau, a lad 10 years old, would die from the effects of a fall from a sick-bed during the fire.

Reports to the Health Board.

Sixty-four observers in various localities in the state say that during the week ended July 1 erysipelas increased and intermittent fever and consumption decreased in area of prevalence. Diphtheria was reported at thirty-six places, scarlet fever at twenty-seven, typhoid fever at seventeen and measles at sixteen places.

Forger Robbing Farmers.

The farmers in Kalamazoo county are being duped by a slick individual who presents forged letters asking for the loan of sums, signed by well-known farmers. Delano Allen was caught for \$11, John Simpson for \$7 and others for like amounts. A reward is offered for the forger.

Michigan Roads Making Money.

In April Michigan railroads earned a total of \$9,161,617, as compared with \$8,057,273 in April, 1892. Their total earnings of \$35,364,195 for the period from January 1 to May 1 were \$3,171,101 greater than for the same period last year; per cent. of increase, 9.85.

One License Covers Many Bars.

The supreme court has decided that under a single license a retail liquor dealer can operate as many bars as he wishes on premises of which he is sole proprietor. In the case of a hotel the license is held to cover every room desired for the purpose.

Short But Newsworthy Items.

Frank Adams, aged 79 years, died suddenly at Bay City. An hour or two before he was in the best of health.

Two large grain barns, together with the granary and adjoining buildings, were burned to the ground on the farm of John Mannix, 2 miles north of Flint. Loss, \$4,000.

Two barns on the farm of Barney Blust near Tawas City were destroyed by fire and two horses were consumed. The loss was \$2,000, with no insurance.

A reward of \$400 has been offered for the recovery of the case of diamonds stolen from Charles Piellass' jewelry store in Lansing on June 23.

A Mrs. Olsen committed suicide at Manistee by taking Paris green.

George Lamoreaux, a well-known farmer, living in Plainfield township, fell from a load of hay and broke his neck. He left a large family.

Mrs. John Plummer, a middle-aged lady who had a husband and four children, was killed near Mancelona, while crossing a railroad track.

The Norton house at Muskegon Heights was destroyed by fire and none of the furniture or fixtures were saved.

E. C. Truitt's barn and threshing-machine at Edwardsburg was burned by tramps. Loss, \$1,500; insurance, \$1,000.

Three hundred and thirty-eight letters and \$800, the proceeds of four days' work, were found on Mail Robber Ford when he was arrested at Port Huron.

J. E. St. John has been appointed superintendent of the Michigan industrial school for boys at Lansing to succeed Superintendent Wood, resigned.

The residence of J. H. Jagger at Coldwater was partly burned, involving a loss of about \$1,200; insured.

Several fishermen at the Soo have been fined \$5 each for having brook trout less than 6 inches in length in their possession.

William Powers, aged 30 years, was struck by a Chicago & Grand Trunk passenger train at Scotts and instantly killed.

Mrs. Frank Knill has begun suit in the circuit court at Port Huron against the city for \$25,000 damages for injuries received on a sidewalk a year ago.

Lucius L. Hubbard, of Houghton, was elected state geologist by the Michigan board of geological survey. He will succeed Dr. M. E. Wadsworth.

THE PARIS RIOTS.

The Students' War Taken Up by the Canaille—More Fighting Ensues—One Man Killed and Scores Wounded—Policemen Thrown Into the River by Rioters.

PARIS, July 6.—Rioting still continues. It has gone so far that it is impossible to say where it will end. Marshal Sausier, the military governor of Paris, has warned all the garrison to be in readiness at a moment's notice. M. Loze's resignation as prefect of police has been refused by the government.

At 9:30 Wednesday night a mob in the Boulevard St. Michel assumed a threatening attitude, and the police charged upon the crowd, driving the rioters down the Rue des Ecoles as far as the Place Maubert. There the mob made a determined stand, showering stones and every kind of missile on the police. A hand-to-hand fight followed and the struggle continued until the police were reinforced by a large force of republican guards, when the rioters were dispersed. In the meantime a body of police and republican guards had assembled in the vicinity of the labor exchange, which is now occupied by troops.

At 11 o'clock there was a sanguinary encounter on the Rue des Ecoles. The exact details are wanting, but it is known that the republican guards charged upon the rioters with drawn swords and that the police opened fire with revolvers upon the mob. One man was killed on the spot by a cut from a saber. Others were taken to neighboring drug stores, where their wounds were dressed. Another mob upset and set fire to a tram car in the Rue Monge. The car was burned to ashes by the time the firemen arrived on the scene. It is believed that petroleum was used to destroy the car.

LONDON, July 6.—The Standard's correspondent at Paris says that three policemen were thrown into the Seine by the mob during the rioting Wednesday. It is supposed that they were drowned, as they have not since been seen. The body of an assistant brigadier of police was found in the river near the Grenelle bridge. The Paris Temps says that forty-two policemen and sixteen republican guards were wounded during the fighting Wednesday. Eighteen kiosks were burned and forty-five others ransacked.

The French government has ordered to Paris reinforcements from the garrisons at Versailles, Melun and other places.

The municipal council held an excited meeting at which resolutions were adopted to the effect that the prevailing disorders are due to the hostility of the police toward the citizens. The council throws the responsibility for the disturbances upon Prefect of Police Loze and his hierarchical chief, Premier Dupuy.

Another disgraceful scene was witnessed in the chamber of deputies at noon. The proposal was made that the chamber should at once proceed to discuss the subject of riots, but M. Dupuy, the prime minister, opposed such action. His opposition was seized upon by the extremists to make a demonstration. They howled and yelled, and a general uproar followed. For a time nothing could be heard but cries and counter cries, and the utmost disorder prevailed. When order was finally restored the chamber, by a vote of 377 to 133, postponed consideration of the question until Monday.

The startling suddenness with which the scuffle between the students and the police has developed into bloody rioting causes the government anxiety. The original cause of the trouble has been quite lost sight of in the general rioting in which all the scum of southern Paris, reinforced by the lawless vagabonds from Montmartre, Belleville and other thieves' rookeries north of the Seine, are taking the part of the students. The agitation was solely caused by the manager of the students' ball being fined for allowing girls to appear in a state little removed from nudity.

The students, however, have generally withdrawn from the disorders and the issue is now between the Paris canaille and the police. A delegation of students has waited upon M. Dupuy and protested against being further associated with the riots. M. Dupuy declared himself satisfied, and the students have agreed to assist the police with every means in their power. They have placarded a manifesto on the trees of the Boulevard St. Michel calling upon students to withdraw from all manifestations, and declaring that the trouble is mainly due to "agents provocateurs." The government's anxiety chiefly arises from the belief that the Boulangists are fostering the riots for political ends.

AN AWFUL CALAMITY.

Disastrous Floods in China Said to Have Caused the Loss of 10,000 Lives.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—The steamer Belgic has arrived from Hong Kong and Yokohama, bringing advice to the effect that one of the branches of the Yellow river has overflowed in consequence of the heavy rains. At Shaking and Woole it is estimated that over 1,000 persons were drowned and as many more left homeless. Incessant rains in Maningfu have been succeeded by disastrous floods, devastating a vast area of country, and according to a telegram received by native authorities at Shanghai nearly 10,000 people have been drowned and crushed to death by the falling of houses.

SLAIN BY A TRAMP.

Two Sisters Murdered by an Unknown Man in Kentucky—The Older Girl Mutilated in a Horrible Manner—Searching for the Fiend.

CAIRO, Ill., July 6.—Two sisters were found by their mother Wednesday morning murdered. A tramp is supposed to have killed them. The elder girl, only 18 years old, had been mutilated after the manner of the White-chapel murders. The other, a mere child, 7 years old, had evidently been killed because she witnessed the death of her sister. In each case the girl's neck was cut from ear to ear.

The crime occurred near the home of John Ray, between Fort Jefferson and Bardwell, Ky., 9 miles from Cairo, Wednesday forenoon. Ray is a county officer and one of the most esteemed men in that part of Kentucky. His two daughters were noted in the county for their goodness and beauty. They left their home about 7:30 Wednesday morning to pick blackberries in a patch less than 200 yards from the house. Their mother saw them half an hour later and they were then separated some distance, each intent upon filling her pail with berries.

About 9 o'clock the mother heard her younger daughter scream as if in mortal agony or fear. She rushed toward the place where she had last seen her little one. In order to reach it she had to pass the spot where the older one had been standing. Without a warning she came on her dead body lying on the ground. Her throat had been cut from ear to ear. The mother screamed frantically for aid and threw herself upon the body of her daughter. J. E. Dupuy, foreman of a gang of railroad laborers, was at work with his men near the Mayfield bridge. They heard the children scream and started to ascertain the cause. Then the mother's outcry followed and guided them to the spot where she and the dead body of her eldest daughter lay. Search was at once made for the other girl. She was also dead when found. Her body was partially concealed by the blackberry bushes only a few yards away. Her throat had been cut as her sister's had been.

The lower part of the elder girl's body had been horribly mutilated, after the manner of the Whitechapel murders in London. It is supposed that the little one came upon the scene at that instant, had seen the full tragedy and uttered the scream the mother had heard, and that the murderer, in order to prevent the child from proving a witness against him, had caught and killed her, too, and tossed her body into the bushes.

Within ten minutes after the discovery of the crime fully twenty men were on the ground. The murderer had been so daring in his work that he was reckless of the fact that so many were close at hand. Near the body of the elder girl was found a man's cheap blue flannel coat. This was the only clue to the identity of the perpetrator, but it is likely to prove a valuable one. One of the workmen who had come up said he had seen the coat on the back of a young white man, a tramp who had come into that vicinity a day or two before. A colored woman said she had seen the same man early in the morning and had given him his breakfast. He had on a blue coat similar in appearance to the one found beside the murdered girl.

The whole community is aroused; farms, threshing machines and even villages are deserted, and all the people are engaged in the search. A number of suspects were arrested and, though they gave fair accounts of themselves, are still held. Late Wednesday evening a man answering the description of the tramp, wearing a navy blue vest but no coat, was seen in a cornfield near Port Jefferson. He was ordered to come out, but refused, and fired a pistol at the hunters. They returned the fire, but he disappeared in the corn. The field now is surrounded with pickets so closely that not even a rabbit could get through unseen. It is thought he will be captured soon. If so he will be lynched before he sees the inside of a prison.

LIVES LOST BY FIRE.

A Mission Boat Burns at St. Paul, and Two Persons, Maybe More, Perish.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 6.—The Bethel boat, located at the foot of Jackson street on the Mississippi river, was burned to the water's edge Wednesday night at 11 o'clock. The boat was used as a place of refuge for men and women who were too poor to pay for their lodging elsewhere, the berths being in the upper part of the boat, which was a two-story structure. This was the part that was burned and five people are believed to have lost their lives.

The charred bodies of the matron, Mrs. Peak, and an unknown man had been recovered at midnight. Two women were seen on the roof during the fire. Before they could be rescued they sank into the flaming fire trap. Their bodies have not yet been reached. Lulu Morgan, a 12-year-old daughter of Rev. David Morgan, the superintendent at St. Luke's hospital, was fatally burned. Forty people were sleeping in the boat at the time the fire broke out, and all who could do so escaped in their night clothes. The fire was started by a lamp which exploded in the washroom. The boat was built by prominent citizens of the town for philanthropic purposes and was anchored to a wharf.

FATE OF A FIEND.

A Mob's Revenge on the Slayer of the Ray Girls in Kentucky—He Is Hung and Shot and His Body Is Mutilated and Burned.

BARDWELL, Ky., July 8.—Seay Miller, the negro charged with the murder and murder of Mary and John Ray, was hanged at 3:27 o'clock Friday afternoon and the body burned after being horribly mutilated. The negro made a speech proclaiming his innocence, but it is said that he afterward made a partial confession.

The steamer Three States, with several hundred men from Cairo on board, met the special train from Sikeston at Bard's Point. The prisoner was put on the boat and taken to Wickliffe at 6 o'clock Friday morning. Frank Gordon, the fisherman who ferried the murderer across the Mississippi river Wednesday night, identified Miller as the same man. Still Miller pleaded his innocence, and John Ray, the father of the murdered girls, counseled patience. The mob boarded a train at Wickliffe and brought the prisoner to this city, arriving at 11 o'clock. There was not less than 5,000 men at the depot and the train of eleven coaches was crowded. Previous to this time an agreement was made by the people to allow the father of the children to prescribe the punishment, but when the train arrived it seemed that the men forgot their promise for the time. They pushed to the train, one over another, and at one time it was thought by a great many that the negro was being torn limb from limb.

At last quiet was restored and all went to a very high scaffold constructed of bridge timbers. Sheriff Hudson, the prisoner and a number of the guards mounted the stand. John Ray, the father of the murdered girls, made a talk, in which he said: "This is the man who killed my children, but let me keep quiet now, and at the proper time burn him."

The negro was called upon to make a talk and responded promptly and with wonderful nerve, considering the circumstances under which he was placed. His voice was clear and he seemed almost oblivious to the surroundings. His exact words were as follows:

"My name is Seay J. Miller and I am from Springfield, Ill. My wife lives at 716 North Second street. I am here among you as a stranger and looked on by you as the most brutal man that ever stood on God's great earth. I am standing here an innocent man among excited men who do not propose to let the law take its course. I have committed no crime to be deprived of my liberty or life. I am not guilty."

At this time he was disturbed by several questions and many called on him to go on, but Sheriff Hudson begged to be permitted to put him in jail and get some rest for himself, which he needed so badly. At this time Mr. Ray, the father of the children, appeared on the stand and talked only a few moments, carrying on a conversation with several persons on the ground. Mr. Ray repeated the charge against the negro and said he was willing to set a time and place for the execution, which was agreed between him and several bystanders should be 3 o'clock. It was then a few minutes past 12, and the negro was placed in jail to await the time when he would be called forth.

At 3:20 o'clock the negro was brought from the jail to the principal street. A chain was around his neck and many were pulling at it. The crowd was wild and no one could guess at the fate of the negro. He was almost suffocated when the north end of the depot was reached, and here the father of the girls relented to some extent and suggested that he be hanged rather than burned.

At 3:27 the body was swung to a telegraph pole directly at the north end of the depot and he was drawn up. His clothes were torn from his body by the maddened mob. He was heard to say just as they drew him up: "I am an innocent man," but there is a fully authenticated report that he made a partial confession as the mob took him from the jail. The negro was drawn up with his face to the pole, and when his feet were 2 or 3 feet from the ground some one shot him from the front, the ball passing entirely through his body. In a few minutes life was extinct, it being ascertained he was dead at 3:45 o'clock.

The body was left hanging until 4:35, during which time some of the toes and fingers were cut off. The body was finally taken down and carried about 300 yards to the rear of the Downs & Hart mill. At that place the ears were cut off, nearly all the remaining toes and fingers were severed and the body otherwise mutilated. The body was then placed between two kegs and kindling piled upon it and then enough wood to complete the job of the burning.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 8.—The wife of the negro, Miller, burned at Bardwell, Ky., for the murder of the two Ray girls, has been located in this city at 716 North Second street, where she lives. The Millers came here from Cairo about the time of the opening of the legislature, and the man made unsuccessful attempts to get employment at the state house. He remained here until about the first of June, when he returned to Cairo, leaving his wife here. The Millers seemed to be respectable and associated with the better class of colored people, being members of the African Methodist church. The woman has heard the report of the lynching of her husband and is frantic with grief. She protests that he was innocent. This impression seems to prevail here.

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THE IOWA CYCLONE.
Later Details of the Awful Work of the Wind—The Death List So Far as Known Numbers Seventy-Four.
FORT DODGE, Ia., July 8.—There are seventy-four people dead, at least five more to die and over 100 injured as a result of the cyclone that made its start at Quimby, south of Cherokee, and ended with awful results at Pomeroy Thursday night.
At Pomeroy forty are dead and 100 at least injured. Five blocks of residences have been completely wiped off the face of the earth, not more than kindling wood being left of them, and 200 families are homeless, many having lost their all. The business blocks were badly damaged and the new post office block and a drug store completely wrecked. Seven churches, all there were in the town, were destroyed. The loss in Pomeroy will reach fully \$50,000.
The storm did its terrible work in one minute's time. It came from the northwest. An immense amount of damage has been done to crops and the path of the storm is strewn with dead horses, cows, hogs and featherless chickens. In every direction there is nothing but wreck and ruin. Immediately following the burst of the storm the cries and moans of the injured and dying were heard and the willing ones who went to work to relieve the wounded and remove the dead met with sights that were awful to behold. People were found with a leg and an arm torn off, terrible wounds on their bodies and faces, or some with their life going out, and many of the dead were terrible disfigured and mutilated.
It is impossible to obtain a list of the injured. A list of the dead at Pomeroy follows:
Mrs. Bessie Banks, Mrs. Neory, Thomas Hammond, Andrew J. Wilkinson, John Anderson, Mrs. John Anderson, Mr. Huggert, Mr. and Mrs. Silas Buxton, Mr. and Mrs. Netting and son, Mrs. Frank Johnson, Benjamin Davis, Miss Lillie Kiefer, Roy Banks, Miss Ollie Frost, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold, Mrs. Marie Adams, Mrs. Harlow of Maine was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Lovejoy, Mrs. C. R. George, Banker E. O. Davis, Mrs. Ollie Lundgren, Miss Katie Davy, Mrs. O'Brien and child, Mrs. B. J. Harlow, Mrs. Tabert, Beckley, two children of John Beckley, 3 miles east of Pomeroy, Mrs. Dillith, J. P. Lundgren, Silas Weston, Mrs. Dahlgren and baby, Mr. Hewett and wife, A. Forkey, Henry Gelke.
Those fatally injured are:
Mrs. Quinlan and baby, Allie Maxwell 15 years old, Miss Tillie Johnson, Grover Black 18 years old, George Black 7 years old, Della Black 11 years old, Samuel Maxwell, Richard George, boy unknown.
Five miles southwest of Fonda five were killed, as follows: John Delweiller, Mrs. Norton and her three children.
Two were killed near Quimby, as follows: Mrs. Molyneux and Mrs. Lester.
About 5 miles south of Aurelia were the following fatalities: Samuel Burch, wife and three children, Mr. Johnson, Lillie and Belle Slaterry, Swede hired girl, name unknown; John Peters is dying.
Five miles south of Newell a whole family was killed, name unknown.
CHEROKEE, Ia., July 8.—Later reports of loss of life by the cyclone of Thursday morning more than confirm the first reports. Luckily no town in this county was struck by the twister, yet the loss of life is appalling. The horror of the situation is increased by the terrible mutilations of the victims. The headless body of one young lady was found, but the head and one leg cannot be found.
The force of the wind was terrific. Rocks weighing several hundred pounds were torn from the ground and hurled long distances, and in one instance the pipe of a deep drive well which projected above the ground only 4 feet was drawn completely out, something which could hardly be accomplished by human means.
DES MOINES, Ia., July 8.—At a mass-meeting held here Friday night on short notice nearly \$500 was contributed to the sufferers from the cyclone at Pomeroy. An effort will be made to forward \$1,000 by the first mail to-day. Gov. Boies has telegraphed for tents, which will afford shelter for the homeless. They will be forwarded this morning by the adjutant general.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., July 8.—A violent storm passed over Wright county Thursday night. In Norway township a number of buildings were demolished and an old man named Labien and a girl named Schmidt were killed and a number of persons seriously injured.
POMEROY, Ia., July 8.—Gov. Boies arrived here Friday afternoon, and after an inspection of the ruins issued the following appeal:
"TO THE PEOPLE OF IOWA: From a personal examination of the ruin wrought by the storm of last evening I find that forty-two are already dead and upward of 100 are seriously injured in this town, which had a population of 1,000 souls. The great bulk of the residence portion of the town is completely destroyed, and hundreds of families are homeless and destitute. In at least one town west of here eight or ten are said to have been killed and many injured.
"The necessity for aid is imperative. The good people in towns adjacent to Pomeroy have supplied immediate wants for board and clothing, but it is impossible for them to supply all that will be needed in the future.
"Money, however, is the great necessity of the hour. We must not only help these people to live, but we must aid them to rebuild their destroyed homes.
"Permit me to recommend that in every city and town of the state immediate steps be instituted by the mayors and other municipal officers to organize relief committees and flatter to promptly proceed to collect and forward aid. This may be directed to the Relief Committee at Pomeroy, Ia., which will be thoroughly refining the day, and will consist of thoroughly responsible persons of this and other towns so that aid will be fairly and equitably distributed to all who are in want.
"Citizens of Iowa: It is no exaggeration for me to say that no more deserving appeal was ever made to you for aid. Be sure that you are ever made to you for aid. Be sure that you are both prompt and liberal."
—Governor of Iowa.

A Literary Order.
The thought most optimistic that
Doth come to me these days
Is this—and how I laugh thereat!
That pessimism pays!
Why only yesterday I wrote
A poem full of light;
I sent it out, and got a note
Returning it ere night.
"These lines are nice," the writer said;
"They show a dainty touch;
But your paper can't have read,
We think, so very much.
This happy stuff is out of date;
Depression is the thing.
And verses now must growl at fate
To have the proper ring."
"Declare that life is wholly grief,
That all on earth is wrong;
Make 'every man's a fool or thief'
The burden of your song.
Drop gladness, drop all your mirth,
Drop sunshine and fresh air,
And send us in ten dollars' worth
Of gloom and dark despair."
—John K. Bangs, in Century.
That Terrible Scourge.
Malarial disease is invariably supplemented by disturbance of the liver, the bowels, the stomach and the nerves. To the removal of both the cause and its effects Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is fully adequate. It "fills the bill" as no other remedy does, performing its work thoroughly. Its ingredients are pure and wholesome, and it admirably serves to build up a system broken by ill-health and shorn of strength. Constipation, liver and kidney complaint and nervousness are conquered by it.
"De law," says Uncle Mose, "am a mighty briclike thing. Whenbeber a man takes it inter his own hands he am sho' to break it."—Indianapolis Journal.
"It is the biggest thing I ever struck." What? Why, the business advertised in another column by B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va. If you are open to engagement write them. They can show you a good thing.
A THEATRICAL production is apt to pay in the long run—if it ever gets there.—Yonkers Statesman.
It is conceded by everybody that Kivalry's "America" at the Auditorium, Chicago, stands unrivaled as an amusement attraction. Three box offices are now open continually to satisfy the demands of ticket buyers.
PEOPLE speak of the face of a note, when it's really the figure that interests them. Sparks.
HALL'S CATARRH CURE is a liquid and is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Write for testimonials, free. Manufactured by F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
WHILE the elevator man gives many a fellow a lift, he doesn't hesitate to run a chap down.—Philadelphia Record.
A SALLOW skin acquires a healthy cleanness by the use of Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.
HERE to-day and gone to-morrow—The man who borrowed a five-dollar bill from you.—Texas Siftings.
If drowsy after a good night's sleep, there is indigestion and stomach disorder which Beecham's Pills will cure. 25 cents a box.
YOUNG AUTHOR—"Don't you like to see yourself in print?" Debutante—"No; I prefer silk."—N. Y. Journal.
SMUGGLERS are eccentric people; they avoid the regular customs.—Truth.
THE MARKETS.
NEW YORK, July 10.
LIVE STOCK—Cattle..... \$4.40 @ 5.30
Sheep..... 4.25 @ 4.40
Hogs..... 6.40 @ 7.00
FLOUR—Patent..... 3.45 @ 3.45
Minnesota Patents..... 4.00 @ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red..... 71 1/2 @ 72
Ungraded Red..... 68 @ 68
CORN—No. 2..... 48 1/2 @ 49
Ungraded Mixed..... 35 1/2 @ 37
OATS—No. 2..... 26 @ 27
RYE—Western..... 56 @ 58
PORK—Mess..... 19.00 @ 19.50
LARD—Western Steam..... 10.25 @ 10.30
BUTTER—Western Creamery..... 17 @ 22
CHICAGO.
BEEVES—Shipping Steers..... 43.75 @ 45.50
Cows..... 1.25 @ 2.50
Stocks..... 2.50 @ 3.50
Feeder..... 3.60 @ 4.20
Butchers' Steers..... 3.80 @ 4.00
Bulls..... 2.00 @ 3.75
HOGS—Live..... 2.00 @ 2.25
SHEEP—Live..... 15 @ 19
BUTTER—Creamery..... 14 @ 16
Dairy..... 14 @ 16
EGGS—Fresh..... 14 @ 14 1/2
BROOM CORN..... 4 @ 5
Hurl..... 4 @ 5
Self-working..... 4 @ 5
Crooked..... 2 @ 2 1/2
POTATOES—New (per brl)..... 1.50 @ 2.00
PORK—Mess..... 19.30 @ 19.35
LARD—Steam..... 9.85 @ 9.87 1/2
FLOUR—Spring Patents..... 3.75 @ 4.10
Spring Straights..... 3.25 @ 3.50
Winter Patents..... 3.80 @ 4.00
Winter Straights..... 3.30 @ 3.40
GRAIN—Wheat, July..... 65 1/2 @ 65 1/2
Corn, No. 2..... 41 1/2 @ 41 1/2
Oats, July..... 29 @ 29 1/2
Rye, No. 2..... 50 @ 50 1/2
Barley, Good to Choice..... 40 @ 43
LUMBER—
Siding..... 16.50 @ 24.50
Flooring..... 37.00 @ 38.00
Common Boards..... 15.25 @ 15.50
Fencing..... 14.00 @ 17.00
Lath, Dry..... 2.70 @ 2.75
Shingles..... 2.00 @ 3.15
KANSAS CITY.
CATTLE—Shipping Steers..... \$4.30 @ 5.40
Butchers' Steers..... 3.75 @ 4.40
HOGS..... 5.50 @ 6.00
SHEEP..... 4.05 @ 5.00
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CATTLE..... \$3.70 @ 5.00
Feeder..... 2.00 @ 3.75
HOGS..... 5.87 @ 6.00
SHEEP..... 3.00 @ 4.75
Lambus..... 4.00 @ 5.75
A SEDENTARY OCCUPATION,
plenty of sitting
down and not
much exercise,
ought to have Dr.
Pierce's Pleasant
Pellets to get
it. They absolutely
cure constipation
and permanently
One tiny, sugar-
coated Pellet is a
corrective, a regulator, a gentle laxative.
They're the smallest, the easiest to take,
and the most natural remedy—no reaction
afterward. Sick Headache, Bilious
Headache, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks,
and all stomach and bowel derangements
are prevented, relieved and cured.
A "COLD IN THE HEAD" is
quickly cured by Dr. Sage's Cat-
arrh Remedy. So is Catarrh
Headache, and every trouble
caused by Catarrh. The proprietors
offer \$500 for any case which
they cannot cure.

You want the Best

Royal Baking Powder never disappoints;
never makes sour, soggy or husky food;
never spoils good materials; never leaves
lumps of alkali in the biscuit or cake; while
all these things do happen with the best of
cooks who cling to the old-fashioned
methods, or who use other baking powders.

If you want the best food, Royal
Baking Powder is indispensable.

He—"How many bridesmaids are you going to have, dearest?" She—"None." He—"Why, I thought you had set your heart on it." She—"I had; but from present indications the girls I want will all be married first."—Life.

GOVERNMENT detectives in some of the "moonshine" districts carry kodaks with them to secure evidence. They pick up many a little bit of still life.—Philadelphia Ledger.

OUR Johnny isn't quite sure of the year of the battle of Gettysburg, but you can't feaze him on the day and hour of the Sunday school picnic.—Elmira Gazette.

HORSELESH is dearer than beef or mutton in Paris. The same is true in America when you happen to put your money on the wrong horse.—Boston Transcript.

WHILE the spoon is an insignificant article to look upon, it has probably caused more stir in the world than any other one thing.—Buffalo Courier.

EVEN spectacled, gray-headed science can't always tell just what it is that makes a baby cry.—Somerville Journal.

You can't tell by the blossoms which of the apples will be wormy.—Texas Siftings.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

UNEQUALLED TRAIN SERVICE

FROM CHICAGO TO BUFFALO NEW YORK BOSTON and Intermediate

★ A S ★

TOURIST TICKETS

to the EASTERN RESORTS now on sale. Send for list of routes and rates. A. J. SMITH, C. K. WILBER, G. P. & T. Agts., West Pass. Agts., CLEVELAND, OHIO, CHICAGO, ILL.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

"EVERYBODY'S LAW BOOK,"

Is the title of the new 750 page work by J. Alexander Koonce, L.L.M., Member of the New York Bar. It enables every man and woman to be their own lawyer. It teaches what are your rights and how to maintain them. When to begin a law suit and when to shun one. It contains the useful information every business man needs in every State in the Union. It contains business forms of every variety useful to the lawyer as well as to all who have legal business to transact. Enclose two dollars for a copy or enclose two-cent postage stamp for a table of contents and terms to agents. Address BENJ. W. HITCHCOCK, Publisher, 885 Sixth Avenue, New York.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED
with Pastes, Enamels, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn red. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

LEWIS' 98 % LYE
POWDERED AND PERFUMED (PATENTED)
The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, it being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. Will make the best perfumed Hard Soap in 20 minutes without boiling. It is the best for cleansing waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc. PENNA. SALT MFG. CO., Gen. Agents, PHILA., Pa.

1,000,000 ACRES OF LAND
for sale by the SAINT PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD COMPANY in Minnesota. Send for Maps and Circulars. They will be sent to you

FREE.
Address HOPEWELL CLARKE, Land Commissioner, St. Paul, Minn.

FAT REDUCED
From 15 to 25 lbs in a month. Harmless treatment (by practicing physician). No starving. Thousands cured. Send 5c in stamps to O. W. F. SNYDER, M. D., Mail Dept. 3, McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill.

MUST HAVE Agents AT ONCE. Sample Sashlock (Pat. 1892) free by mail for 2c. Stamp, immense. Unrivalled. Only good one ever invented. Beale weights. Sales unparalleled. \$15 a Day. Write quick. Brohard Mfg. Co., Phila.

DEAFNESS FROM ANY CAUSE.
Head noises cured by the use of the Micro-Audiphones. Send for Descriptive Book. Free to MICRO-AUDIPHONES CO., 1216 Madison Temple, Chicago, Ill.

\$75.00 to \$350.00 Can be made monthly working for B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 200-246 Main St., Richmond, Va.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

A. N. K.-A 1456

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

July Crop Report.

The estimate herein made of the 1893 crop report is based on the number of acres in wheat in May as shown by the returns of supervisors, and the average yield per acre as shown by more than 1,200 estimates received from our regular crop correspondents and supervisors. The estimates of yield per acre have been made while the crop was yet all standing and are of course subject to revision.

The area in wheat in Michigan, this year as shown by the returns of supervisors to this office, is 1,578,332 acres.

Multiplying the acres in each county by the estimated yield per acre in the same county and footing the products, gives 20,895,374 bushels as the probable total yield in the State. This is an average per acre of 13.09 bushels in the southern counties, 14.18 bushels in the central counties, and 12.63 bushels in the northern counties. The average for the State is 13.24 bushels.

The total number of bushels of wheat reported marketed by farmers in June is 731,001. The total number of bushels reported marketed in the eleven months, August-June, is 13,760,490. This is 2,804,814 bushels less than reported marketed in the same three months last year.

The unfavorable weather in May not only delayed corn planting but caused a reduction of acreage. The area planted in the southern counties is estimated at 94 per cent, in the central, 89 per cent, and in northern, 99 per cent is a full average. In condition the crop is from five to fourteenth per cent below an average, but in the southern counties it is 22 per cent, and in central, 15 per cent better condition than one year ago. Oats are doing well. With favorable weather until harvest a nearly full average crop may be expected.

Compared with an average there is a loss of from two to three per cent in the area planted to potatoes in the southern and central counties, and a gain of three per cent in the northern counties. In condition the crop in the southern counties is 93 per cent, or 12 per cent higher than on July 1, last year. In the central counties the condition is 87, and in the northern 92.

Meadows and pastures, and clover sowed this year, are, in the southern and central counties, in fine condition. In the northern counties the weather has been less favorable and the condition is from 20 to 26 per cent below an average.

Apples in the southern counties now promise about one-third, in the central two-fifths, and in the northern, two-thirds of an average crop. Since June 1, this crop has declined 22 per cent in the southern and central counties, and 16 per cent in the northern counties. Peaches promise in the southern counties and the State, 82 per cent of an average crop. The figures for the central counties are 87, and for the northern 74.

JOHN W. JOCHIM, Sec. of State.

Sheep Shearings.

It is a good plan with sheep to talk with your neighbors and see how they manage.

It is very important if a growth is secured with early lambs that they be kept warm.

The men that have stuck to sheep for a series of years have invariably come out ahead.

To get the best returns for feeding make the lots of fat sheep as evenly good as possible.

It is sudden changes in the weather that affect sheep and lambs more than anything else.

In a majority of one-half of the cost of wool is due to interest on the money invested.

Unless the trees are well protected it is rarely a good plan to turn the sheep into the orchard.

Good hay, regular feeding and warm shelter will lessen the grain necessary to keep thrifty.

In ascertaining the cost of sheep every farmer must make his own figures, as there is too much variation on different farms for one to depend upon another.

The only way of knowing whether or not sheep are paying a fair profit is by keeping an account of what they cost and taking it from what is derived from them.

A handful of mullein leaves steeped strong, give a pint of the tea, is one of the very best remedies for scours in sheep; in severe cases it may be necessary to repeat the dose.

Unless the pasturage is unusually good there is no advantage in allowing the sheep to run out on the pastures; the small amount of dead grass they get spoils their appetite for good hay.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Glazier & Co.

Olds and Ends.

Over at Homer they are having a genuine sensation. Monday a restaurant and two cigar store keepers were arrested, on complaint of a dentist, who was arrested also next day for doing dental work on Sunday. The marshal has been in the habit of delivering milk on Sunday, and he was the next one to take medicine.

A Reading ex-soldier, to illustrate how a cannon was rammed during the war, thrust his cane into an old piece mounted in the cemetery, when the old thing immediately discharged a volley of horns which bombarded him in the back of the neck and under his coat tails, putting him to a complete route. It was another rank case of "didn't know it was loaded."

A new potato pest has put in an appearance in Oakland county. This fellow is a worm that bores a hole in to the side of the stalk of the growing plant and then goes to foraging. The plant wilts and dies. Unless arrangements can be made whereby the Colorado beetle and this unknown and unnamed worm shall agree to subsist upon each other and let the potatoes alone we may be driven to eat baked water-melons breakfast.

Here is a duty required to be performed by the highway commissioner of every township that is very rarely if ever complied with in this locality: "The commissioner shall require that at least 50 trees per year be planted in each road district and shall continue to require the same from year to year, until every highway in the township where the adjoining lands are cleared is supplied with shade trees, but not more than twenty-five percent of the highway tax shall be appropriated for such purpose in any one district in any one year."

Farm Notes.

Bran and ground oats are good for the calves.

The medium-sized hog continues to grow in favor.

South side hills with clay soil are good grapes.

Spraying should not be done while trees are in bloom.

In planting sweet corn it is well to make different plantings, say two weeks apart.

The Lake Route to the World's Fair via Picturesque Mackinaw.

Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the Floating Palaces of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation Company. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for this Upper Lake route, costing \$300,000 each, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest, safest and fastest steamers on the Lakes; speed 20 miles per hour, running time between Cleveland Toledo and Chicago less than 50 hours. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinaw, Petoskey and Chicago. Daily trips between Detroit and Cleveland; during July and August double daily service will be maintained, giving a daylight ride across Lake Erie. Daily service between Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. First-class stateroom accommodations and menu, and exceedingly low Round Trip Rates. The palatial equipments, the luxury of the appointments makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A. Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co., Detroit, Mich.

White Corn and Yellow Corn.

There is very little difference in the feeding value of yellow and white corn, for color never really affects the nutritive properties of this grain. The northern flint varieties contain more oil than the southern or dent varieties, but the latter contains the larger percentage of starch, but this is changed to fat or oil when assimilated in the digestive organs of animals. It is thought, however, says the American Agriculturist, that the northern flint varieties are best for fattening animals quickly, but being harder they are more difficult of digestion unless in the form of very fine meal. In sweet corn the sugar as well as the starch which is changed to sugar in other varieties goes to form the fat of animals, while the phosphates in the grain aid in the building up of the bones and muscles.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug Store.

Silk handkerchiefs and ribbons should be washed in salt and water, and ironed while hot, to make them look their freshest.

Women and Her Parasol.

"Did you ever see a woman carry her parasol so as to protect herself from the sun's rays where they strike her most forcibly?" said a man as he looked after two girls going up the sidewalk with parasols raised over their heads, yet with the sun streaming on their backs. "I have never been out with a girl yet who hasn't carried her sunshade in just the same ridiculous manner. Perhaps, after an hour of broiling, she will exclaim: 'Where is the sun, anyway,' and for two minutes will carry the protector in the way it should be done, but after that it gets out of gear again, and is either held gracefully at the back, while the sun streams in her eyes or over the right shoulder, when every sunbeam is doing its best to blister the left one."

Why?

Taste of "Royal Ruby Port Wine" and you will know why we call it "Royal." A glass held up to the light will show why we call it Ruby. \$500 reward for any bottle of this wine found under five years old, or in any way adulterated. It is grand in sickness and convalescence, or where a strengthening cordial is required; recommended by druggists and physicians. Be sure you get "Royal Ruby" don't let dealers impose on you with something "just as good," but go to R. S. Armstrong & Co., and get the genuine. Sold only in bottles; price, quarts \$1, pints 60 cts. Bottled by Royal Wine Co.

A Postmaster With a Sure Job.

"Few die and none resign" holds true of a certain postoffice in York county. The office pays a salary of only \$36 a year, and the man who holds it has been postmaster for a quarter of a century. He has tried a number of times to resign, but the village folk have every time prevailed on him to retain the office. Nobody else in town wants it, and the neighbors have become so used to calling at his house for their letters that they cannot bear the thought of having a change. This postmaster can hardly be called an offensive partisan.

See the World's Fair for Fifteen Cents.

Upon receipt of your address and fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you our Souvenir Portfolio of the World's Columbian Exposition, the regular price is Fifty cents, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized. It contains full page views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same, and is executed in highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, Ill.

A Novel Test For Drunkenness.

A simple but effective test to decide whether a man is drunk or sober was described by a medical man who gave evidence before the Pontefract bench. Two colliers, who were charged with drunkenness, went to the doctor 10 minutes after they were seen by the police. The doctor made them walk up and down the surgery which they did in a straight line, and then they stood erect with their eyes closed and held their arms at length with extended fingers. The witness affirmed that the latter was a severe ordeal for persons under the influence of alcohol, and as the colliers passed through it without signs of shakiness the charge against them was dismissed.—Ex.

Prof. Niel,

Government chemist, writes: I have carefully analyzed your Royal Ruby Port Wine, bought by me in the open market, and certify that I found the same absolutely pure and well aged. This wine is especially recommended for its health-restoring and building up properties; it strengthens the weak and restores lost vitality; particularly adapted for convalescents, the aged, nursing mothers and those reduced and weakened by over-work and worry. Be sure you get "Royal Ruby." \$1 per quart bottle, pints 60 cts. Sold by R. S. Armstrong & Co., Druggists.

Poultry Pickings.

Lettuce is one of the best greens for supplying shut in flocks. A small bed in the garden will yield a large amount. If you want the poultry to be tender and juicy, let it fattened quickly.

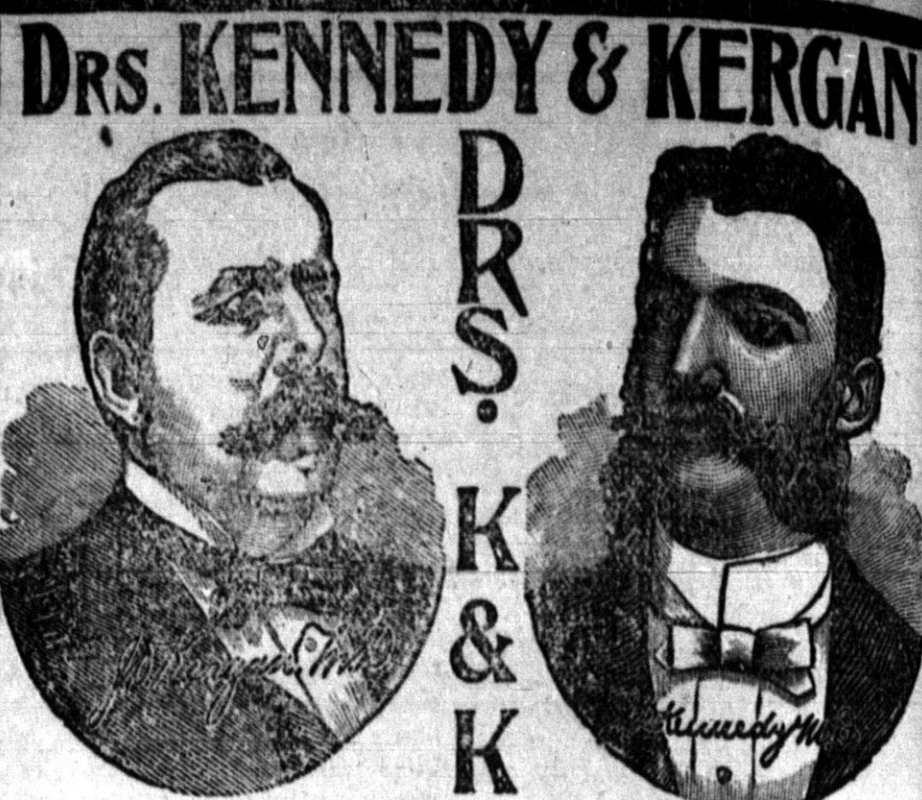
Quality rather than weight fixes the price of dressed poultry. This is the reason it pays a big profit to fatten, dress and pack for market in the most approved manner.

No class of stock more profitably economizes the byproducts of the dairy than hens. And nothing seems to be more necessary to the health, growth and productivity of fowls than skim milk and whey.

The agricultural exhibit at the World's fair from Maine is an exceedingly creditable one.

Nine-tenths of the young turkeys die from lice. Remember that.

The White Wyandottes originated as "sports" from the Silver Laced Wyandottes.



DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN.

Known the world over as DRS. K & K, will visit your town on the date and at the Hotel named below. They are the most favorably known Medical Experts in America, and many of their New Original Methods of Treatment have gained an established reputation all over the world. They are Medical Directors of an immense Establishment in Detroit, which they organized in 1878 for the exclusive treatment of Chronic Diseases. Only Curable Cases Treated.

WHAT THEY TREAT AND CURE.

Catarrh, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Diseases, Blood and Skin Diseases, Stomach and Heart Diseases, Tapeworm, Piles, Eruptions, Impotency, Deafness, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Epilepsy, Diseases of the Kidney and Bladder, Failing Manhood, Diseases of the Sexual Organs, Female Weakness, Diseases of Men and Women, and all Diseases of a Chronic Nature.

NEW METHOD OF TREATMENT

This New Method, which has performed thousands of miraculous cures, was discovered by DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, and is patented throughout the civilized world. It is the grandest discovery of the modern medical age.

DISEASES OF MEN This class of diseases which requires the Scientific Treatment by Specialists, receives the personal attention of DRS. K & K. All **Weakness of men** arising from early abuse or later excesses, are speedily cured. They will guarantee to cure you or no pay.

DISEASES OF WOMEN They have a national reputation in curing Female Weakness, Barrenness, Displacements, etc. **Wife, Mother, or Daughter**, is life a burden to you on account of some Female Complaint? Remember, sooner or later, you will be a Chronic Invalid. House yourself and be cured by those renowned Physicians.

\$1,000 Reward for any case they take for treatment and cannot cure.

14 YEARS IN DETROIT. 100,000 CURES.

SPECIAL NOTICE DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN must not be compared with ordinary "Traveling Doctors," or "Quacks" who go through the country fleecing the people. DRS. K & K are Physicians of the highest ability, and with an established reputation. They will consult you and give you advice **Free of Charge**. They will give you a candid and honest opinion. You will never regret a friendly visit to them.

BOOKS FREE AT HOTEL. If you cannot call, write to Detroit for a List of Questions and Advice, Free. DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, 145 S. State St., Detroit, Mich.

FREE!

Railroad Pass

TO THE

World's Fair.

In obtaining this pass, information will be given by calling on

Dr. SCHMIDT, Chelsea, Mich.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 13th day of June A. D. 1893, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of John Croman, late of said County, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 13th day of December next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on the 13th day of September and on the 13th day of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, June 13th, A. D. 1893.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

Business Pointers.

Glazier, the druggist, sells all 50c medicines at 28 to 38c.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich. No 18

Glazier, the druggist, sells all dollar medicines at 58 to 78c per bottle.

English Spavin Liniment removes all Hard, Soft or Calloused Lumps and Blemishes from horses, Blood Spavins, Curbs, Splints, Sweeney, Ring-Bone, Stiffles, Sprains, all Swollen Throats, Coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist, Chelsea, Mich. 18

Glazier, the druggist, sells all pills, plasters, and 25c medicines at 12 to 18c.

For Sale.

On easy terms, house and 1/4 acres of land. Inquire of Mrs. Barrus, N. Main st.

Markets.

Chelsea, July 13, 1893.

Eggs, per dozen	12c
Butter, per pound	13c
Oats, per bushel	32c
Corn, per bushel	30c
Wheat, per bushel	30c
Potatoes, per bushel	\$1.00
Apples, per bushel	\$1.00
Onions, per bushel	\$1.25
Beans, per bushel	\$1.75

Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, July 10, 1893.

Mrs. G. W. McCollum.

L. B. Lacroix.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

WM. JUDSON, P. M.

Subscribe for the HERALD. \$1.00.

A FEW FACTS.

A remedy has been found which cures chronic diseases; not every case, but a large percentage of them. And in cases too gone for cure; it affords relief and prolongs life. Many who have been given over by physicians have been prevailed upon by friends to try this remedy, the Compound Oxygen Treatment.

Drs. Starkey and Palen, of Philadelphia, and are now living testimony to its wonderful curative powers. It has been successful in curing many cases of catarrhal diseases, hay fever, asthma, bronchitis, neuralgia, nervous prostration and other chronic diseases. In these diseases physicians have had little success, the name they have given to the class of disorders indicates, the Compound Oxygen has worked wonders.

There is only one genuine Compound Oxygen, and any made elsewhere or by others than Drs. Starkey and Palen, is spurious. Avoid imitations.

If you wish to learn more of this wonderful remedy, send for our book of 200 pages, sent free with numerous testimonials and records of surprising cures. 49

Drs. Starkey & Palen,

1529 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.
120 Sutter St., San Francisco, Cal.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 30th day of June 1893, year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the Estate of A. Dancer, deceased. Ruben Kempf, executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he now prepared to render his final account as such executor.

Thereupon it is Ordered, that Tuesday, the first day of August next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the deponent and heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, in said County, on the day so assigned, and show cause, if any there be, why the account should not be allowed. And it is further ordered, that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said account, and of the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in The Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

WM. G. DUTY, Probate Register.